

HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

14TH JANUARY 2016

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD

FULL VERSION

The Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy has four priority areas and the selected indicators in this report align to these. Further to this, there are three types of indicators reflecting how the board will address the issue in question. These three types are:

Challenge Indicators – these cover areas where outcomes are poor, where inequalities are widening locally, or areas which are critical to future plans to improve health and wellbeing. The board will monitor these indicators and challenge current processes and practices in lead organisations in these areas.

Monitoring ‘Watching Brief’ Indicators – these cover areas where local outcomes are positive or where improvements have been made. The role of the board will be to monitor these indicators and intervene should outcomes deteriorate.

Commissioning Improvement Indicators – these are indicators for areas where joint working is required to improve outcomes and where the board will need to play a more active role in coordinating local commissioning.

Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy indicators are set out in the grid on the next page, grouped against the four Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy priorities and three indicator types. The outcomes framework they align to is identified within brackets. Given the remit of the board, the Public Health Outcomes Framework, Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework and NHS Outcomes Framework all figure prominently.

There are six main analyses in each individual indicator report:

South West Benchmarking – showing the position of Devon relative to other upper tier or unitary authorities in the South West, the South West rate and the national rate.

Local Authority District – highlighting differences within Devon between local authority districts.

Local Authority Comparator Group – showing Devon’s position relative to the national family of peer authorities.

Clinical Commissioning Group and Locality Comparison – highlighting differences within Devon between the Clinical Commissioning Groups and sub localities.

Trend and Future Trajectory – showing change over time on the selected indicator compared to the South West and England, and where available a future trajectory based on local targets or ambitions.

Inequalities – illustrating the extent of inequalities within Devon for the selected indicator. These will typically focus on social deprivation, but may relate to age, sex or other factors as appropriate.

Indicators which have been updated since the last report are marked as:

UPDATED INDICATOR

Any queries on this report should be directed to the Devon Public Health Intelligence Team at publichealthintelligence@devon.gov.uk

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Indicator List

Priority	RAG	Indicator	Type	Trend	Dev/SW/Eng
1. A Focus on Children and Families	A	Children in Poverty	Chall		
	G	Early Years Foundation Score *	Chall		
	G	Smoking at Time of Delivery	Watch		
	G	Teenage Conception Rate *	Watch		
	-	Child/Adolescent Mental Health Access Measure	Improve	-	-
	R	Hospital Admissions for Self-Harm, Aged 10-24	Improve		
2. Healthy Lifestyle Choices	G	Proportion of Physical Active Adults	Chall		
	A	Excess Weight in Four / Five Year Olds *	Chall		
	A	Excess Weight in 10 / 11 Year Olds *	Chall		
	A	Alcohol-Related Admissions (Narrow Definition)	Watch		
	A	Alcohol-Related Admissions (Broad Definition)	Watch		
	G	Adult Smoking Prevalence *	Watch		
	G	Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Cancers *	Improve		
	G	Under 75 Mortality Rate - Circulatory Diseases *	Improve		
3. Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age	A	Incidence of Clostridium Difficile	Chall		
	G	Injuries Due to Falls	Chall		
	A	Dementia Diagnosis Rate	Chall		
	G	Feel Support to Manage Own Condition	Watch		
	G	Re-ablement Services (Effectiveness)	Watch		
	A	Re-ablement Services (Coverage)	Watch		
4. Strong and Supportive Communities	A	Readmissions to Hospital Within 30 Days	Improve		
	A	Suicide Rate *	Chall		
	G	Male Life Expectancy Gap	Chall		
	G	Female Life Expectancy Gap	Chall		
	G	Self-Reported Wellbeing (low happiness score)	Watch		
	A	Social Contentedness	Watch		
	G	Carer Reported Quality of Life	Watch		
	A	Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Learn. Dis.)	Improve		
G	Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Mental Hlth)	Improve			

RAG Ratings

Red	R	Major cause for concern in Devon, benchmarking poor / off-target
Amber	A	Possible cause for concern in Devon, benchmarking average / target at risk
Green	G	No major cause for concern in Devon, benchmarking good / on-target

Priority Area Summaries

1. A Focus on Children and Families - Child poverty levels continued to fall in 2013. Recorded levels of child development are above the South West and England averages. Rates of smoking at delivery are falling over time and are amongst the lowest in the South West. Conception rates have fallen sharply, particularly in more deprived areas. Self-harm admissions in younger people are above the national average.

2. Healthy Lifestyle Choices - Higher levels of physical activity are seen in Devon. Levels of excess weight in children are above average at age 4/5 and below average at age 10/11. The narrow alcohol-related admissions rate is similar to England. Adult smoking rates are below the national average. Mortality rates are falling.

3. Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age - Clostridium Difficile incidence aligns with South West and national rates. The gap between Devon and the South West and England for the detection of dementia, has narrowed significantly. Devon has relatively low levels of injuries due to falls. A higher proportion feel supported to manage their long-term condition in Devon. Reablement service effectiveness is above average, but recorded coverage is low. Readmission rates are below average but are increasing over time.

4. Strong and Supportive Communities - Suicide rates in Devon are consistent with the national average. There is a smaller gap in life expectancy between the most and least deprived communities in Devon than nationally. Self-reported wellbeing in Devon tends to be better than the national average. The proportion stating that they have as much social contact as they would like is below the national average. Quality of life for carers is in line with the national average. Devon had lower levels of people with learning disabilities in stable and appropriate accommodation than the national average, but higher rates for people with mental health issues.

Devon compared with the Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG) for Health and Wellbeing outcomes

Measure	Rates			Significance		LACG Rank / Position	
	Devon	LACG	England	LACG	England	Rank	Position
Life Expectancy Gap in Years (Male)	5.2	7.2	8.4	Better	Better	1 / 16	
30 Day Readmissions to Hospital (%)	10.3	11.0	11.8	Better	Better	1 / 16	
Feel Supported to Manage own Condition (%)	68.9%	64.2%	63.3%	Better	Better	1 / 16	
Reablement Services Effectiveness (%)	88.8%	82.8%	82.1%	Better	Better	1 / 16	
Low Happiness Score (%)	6.3%	8.0%	9.0%	Similar	Better	1 / 16	
Teenage Conception Rate per 1,000	16.3	20.4	23.3	Better	Better	1 / 16	
Early Years Good Development (%)	71.6%	67.1%	66.3%	Better	Better	2 / 16	
Life Expectancy Gap in Years (Female)	3.3	5.4	6.2	Better	Better	2 / 16	
Circulatory Disease Deaths, under 75	59.1	65.4	75.7	Better	Better	2 / 16	
Excess Weight in Year Six (%)	28.7%	31.0%	33.2%	Better	Better	2 / 16	
Adult Smoking Rate (%)	13.8%	16.8%	18.0%	Better	Better	2 / 16	
Physical Activity (%)	60.3%	58.9%	57.0%	Similar	Better	3 / 16	
Carer Reported Quality of Life	8.100	7.806	7.900	Better	Better	3 / 16	
Child Poverty (%)	12.4%	14.1%	18.6%	Better	Better	5 / 16	
Cancer Deaths, under 75	129.7	132.1	141.5	Similar	Better	6 / 16	
Admission Rate for Accidental Falls	1766.1	1809.9	2011.0	Similar	Better	6 / 16	
Stable Accommodation - MH (%)	60.9%	55.2%	59.7%	Better	Better	8 / 16	
Smoking at Time of Delivery (%)	11.2	12.1	11.4	Better	Similar	9 / 15	
Alcohol Admission Rate (Broad Definition)	1825.6	1854.8	2128.7	Similar	Better	9 / 16	
Dementia Diagnosis Rate (%)	56.5%	56.5%	60.8%	Similar	Worse	9 / 16	
Excess Weight in Reception Year (%)	22.4%	21.8%	21.9%	Similar	Similar	10 / 16	
Alcohol Admission Rate (Narrow Definition)	628.3	603.2	634.7	Worse	Similar	11 / 16	
Social Connectedness	42.8%	45.4%	44.8%	Worse	Worse	12 / 16	
Stable Accommodation - LD (%)	65.6%	69.9%	73.3%	Worse	Worse	12 / 16	
Incidence of Clostridium Difficile	30.8	27.4	26.3	Worse	Worse	12 / 16	
Hospital Admission Rate for Self-Harm	501.8	463.1	412.1	Worse	Worse	12 / 16	
Suicide Rate	10.4	9.6	8.9	Similar	Worse	13 / 16	
Reablement Services Coverage (%)	1.4%	2.8%	3.1%	Worse	Worse	15 / 16	

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Children in Poverty

Period: 2013

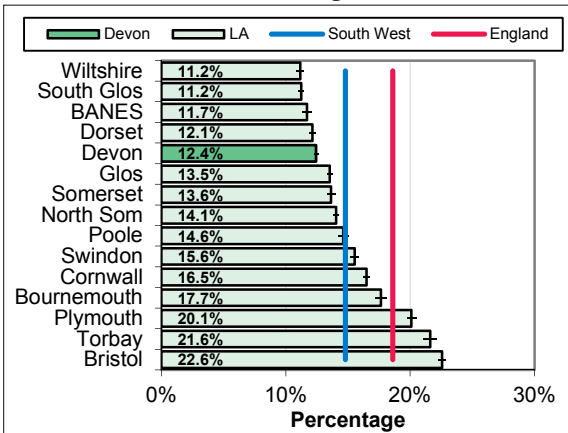
RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

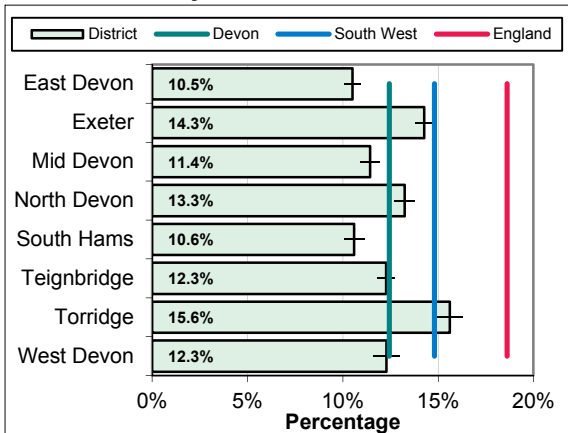
Overview 15,215 children (12.4%) in Devon live in households dependent on benefits or tax credits, compared with 14.8% in the South West and 18.6% nationally. Child poverty rates in Devon fell between 1999 and 2008 and have dropped further from the South West average over time. Rates increased in 2009 and 2010 before falling gradually between 2011 and 2013. Rates at a district level range from 10.5% in East Devon to 15.6% in Torridge.

Equalities Considerable variation exists across Devon communities. Rates of child poverty are higher in younger families due to higher benefit claimant rates and lower incomes in persons in their 20s and 30s. Single parent households, particularly where headed by a female, are also more likely to experience economic poverty, as are children of disabled parents. There are no significant variations by ethnic group in Devon.

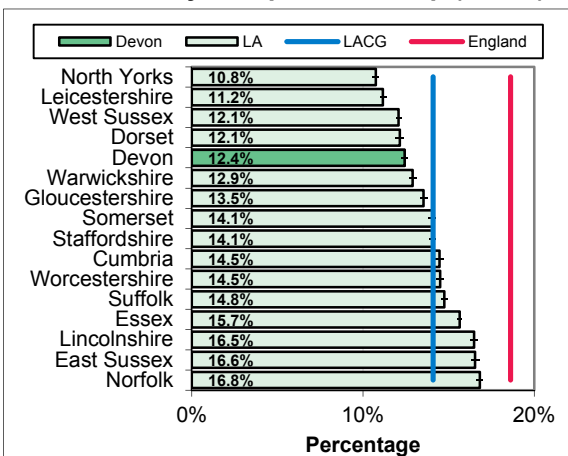
South West Benchmarking



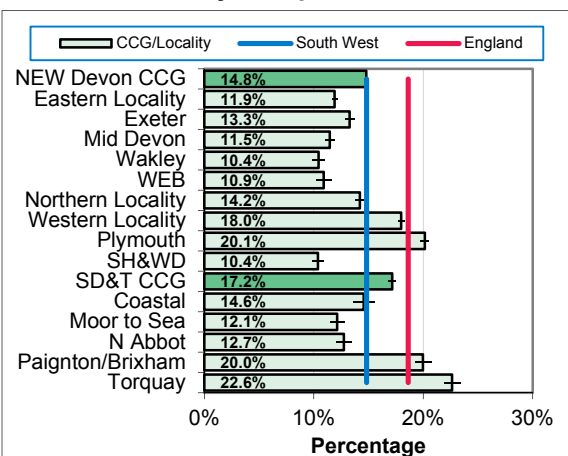
Local Authority District



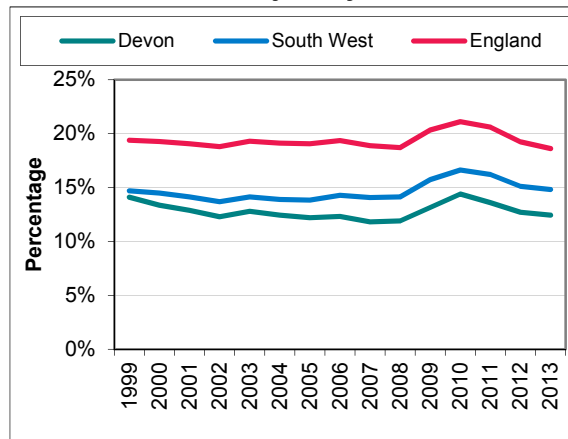
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



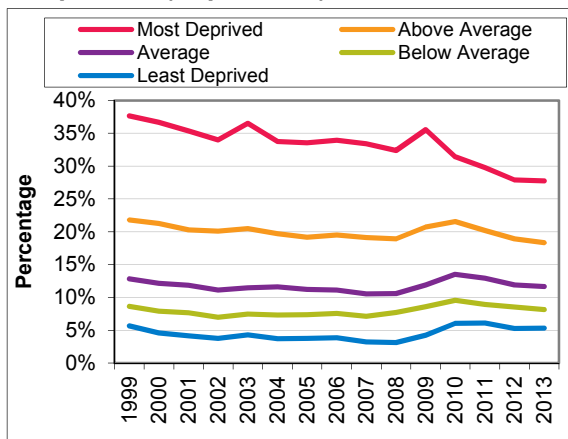
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Children in Poverty

Period: 2013

Description	Percentage of children (aged 0 to 15) living in households dependent on benefits or tax credits.
Source	HM Revenue and Customs (Personal Tax Credits: Related Statistics - Child Poverty Statistics)
Update Frequency	Annually, around 20 months in arrears (2014 due Autumn 2016)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.01
Detailed Specification	Children living in families in receipt of Child Tax Credit (CTC) whose reported income is less than 60 per cent of the median income or are in receipt of income support (IS) or Income-Based Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA), as a proportion of the total number of children in the area.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Early Years Foundation Score

Period: 2015

UPDATED INDICATOR

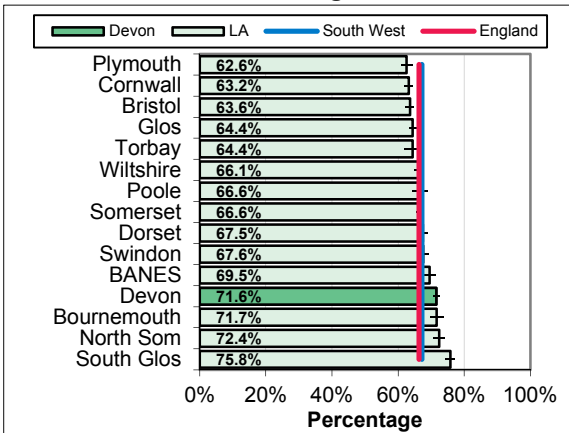
RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

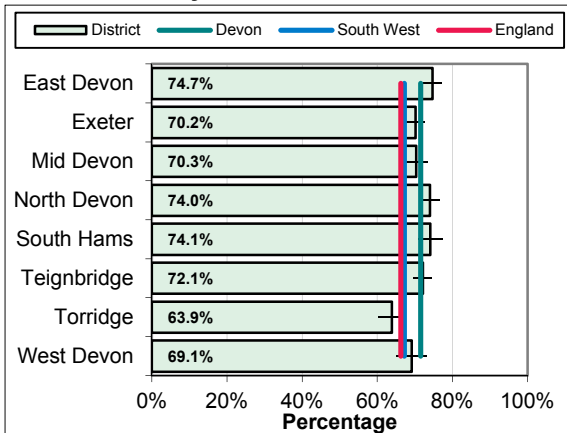
Overview
 In 2015, 71.6% of children in Devon achieved a good level of development at school entry, which was significantly above the South West (67.2%), local authority comparator group (67.1%) and England (66.3%) rates. Within Devon this varied from 63.9% in Torridge to 74.7% in the South Hams. Rates increased from 63.8% in 2013, and 67.8% in 2014.

Equalities
 Significant and persistent differences exist between boys and girls in relation to levels of development at school entry. In 2015, 63.9% of males achieved a good level of development at school entry in Devon, compared to 79.6% for females. A lower proportion achieving a good level of development in the most deprived areas (63.3%) compared to the least deprived area (75.1%).

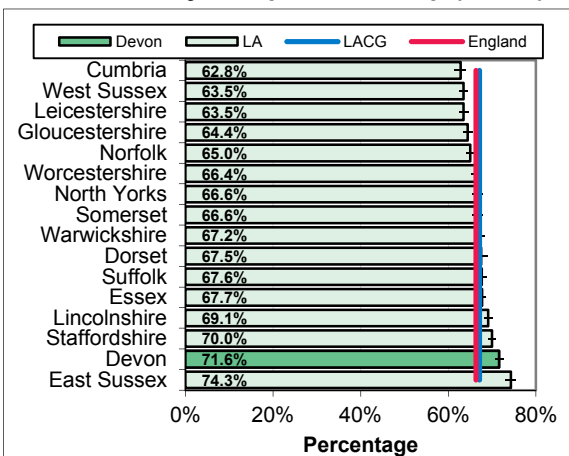
South West Benchmarking



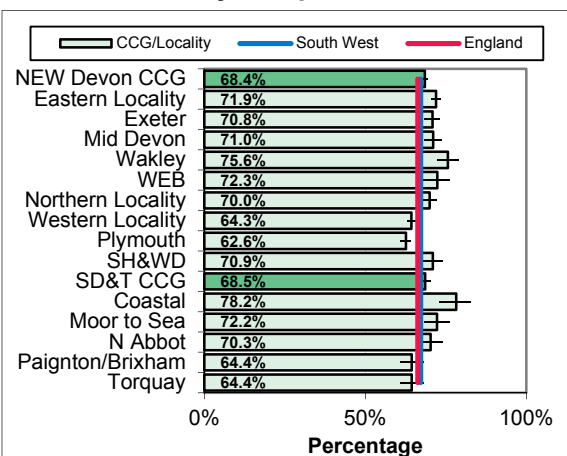
Local Authority District



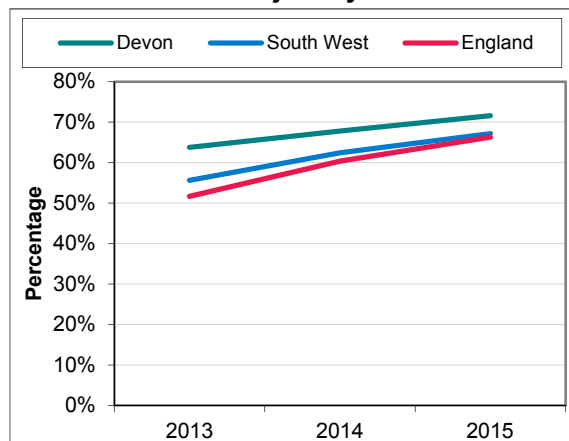
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



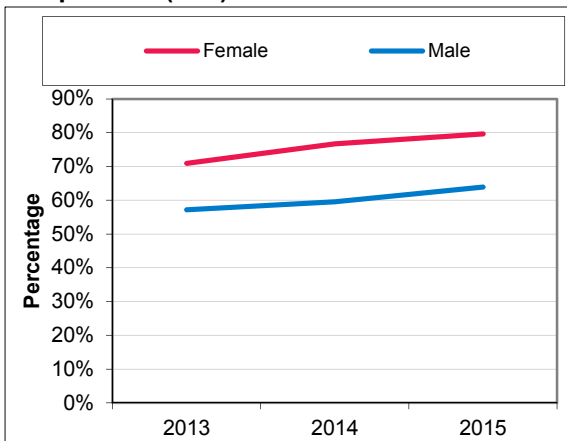
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Sex)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Early Years Foundation Score

Period: 2015

Description	Percentage of children achieving an Early Years Foundation Score indicating a good level of development at school entry
Source	Department for Education (South West Benchmarking, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Babcock LDP (Local Authority District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annually, 2015-16 school year data due November 2016.
Outcomes Framework	Not applicable.
Detailed Specification	From 2013, children will be defined as having reached a 'Good Level of Development' at the end of the Early Years Foundation Stage if they achieve at least the expected level in the early learning goals in the prime areas of learning (personal, social and emotional development; physical development; and communication and language) and the early learning goals in the specific areas of mathematics and literacy.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Smoking at Time of Delivery

Period: 2014-15

UPDATED INDICATOR

RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

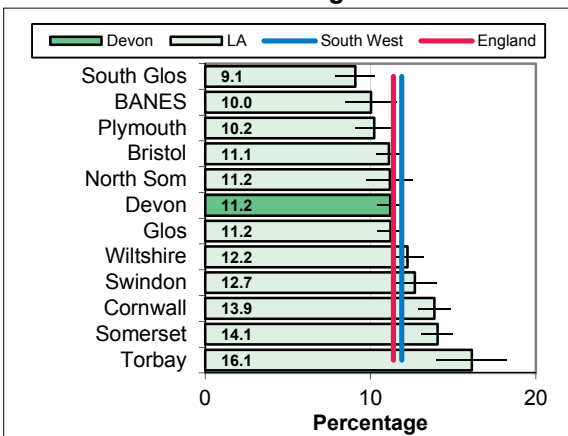
Overview

In the year 2014-15, 11.2% of mothers were smoking at time of delivery in Devon. This compares with 11.9% in the South West, and 11.4% in England. Nationally data are no longer reported on a local authority basis but on a CCG basis. The higher Devon rate in 2013-14 and 2014-15 is influenced by higher rates in Torbay and Plymouth. Rates have fallen over recent years.

Equalities

Whilst overall rates in Devon are the lowest in the South West, there is a strong inequalities gradient. Rates in the most deprived areas (25.7%) are almost five times higher than those in the least deprived areas (5.4%) in 2012-13. Smoking at time of delivery varies by age with younger mothers in their teens and twenties much more likely to smoke than mothers in their thirties and forties.

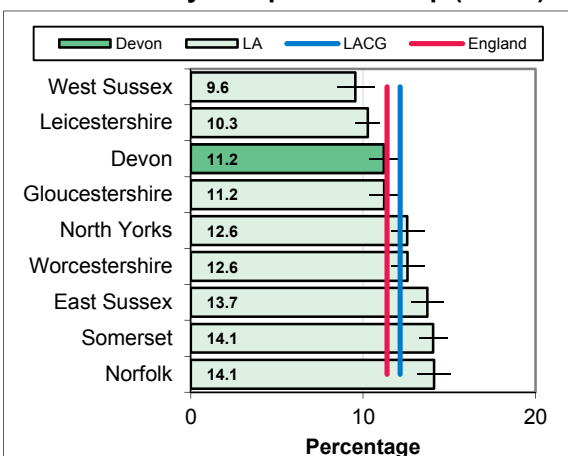
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT LOCAL AUTHORITY DISTRICT LEVEL

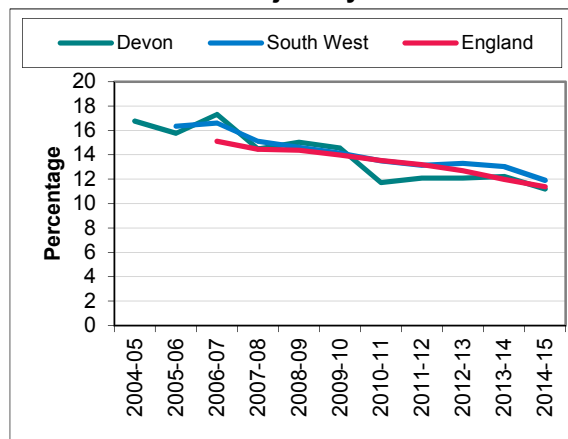
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Smoking at Time of Delivery

Period: 2014-15

Description	Number of women who currently smoke at time of delivery per 100 maternities.
Source	The Health and Social Care Information Centre, Lifestyle Statistics
Update Frequency	Annually - typically three months in arrears (2015-16 data is due July 2016)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.03
Detailed Specification	Number of women known to smoke at time of delivery. Numerator counts for areas are based on all women resident within the PCT's boundary known to smoke. Denominator counts for areas are based on all women resident within the PCT's boundary who gave birth in the period. Data collected from Health and Social Care Information Centre's return on Smoking Status At Time of Delivery. This information has been collected using the Health and Social Care Information Centre's (HSCIC's) Omnibus system, a web based system set up to collect performance and other central returns directly from the NHS.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Primary Care Trust areas in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Rates are not currently available at local authority district level.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Teenage Conception Rate

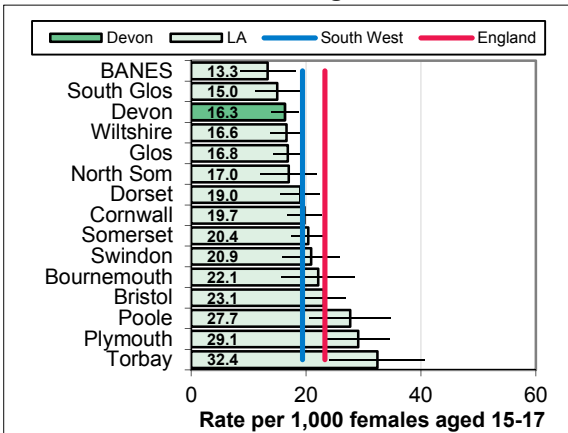
Period: 2014 Q3 Rolling Year ***UPDATED INDICATOR***

RAG Rating	
G	Green
	Amber
	Red

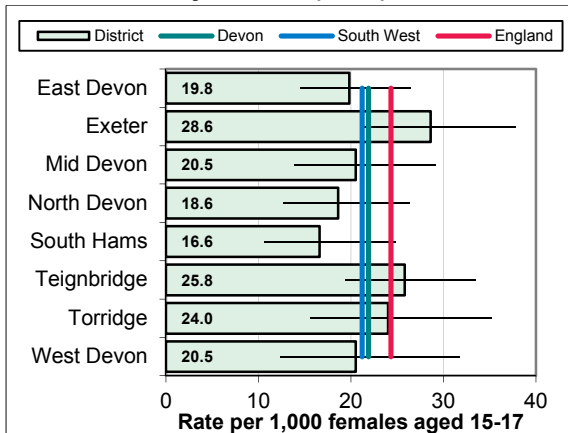
Overview There were 201 conceptions in Devon between October 2013 and September 2014 for females aged under 18, with around half leading to a birth. The latest rate (16.3 per 1,000 females) was significantly below South West (19.4), local authority comparator group (20.4) and England (23.3) rates. The rate was the lowest in the local authority comparator group. Higher rates are seen in Exeter, Mid Devon and Teignbridge but the differences are not statistically significant.

Equalities There is a very clear link between area deprivation and teenage conception, with higher rates in the most deprived areas both locally and nationally, although rates have fallen more rapidly in the most deprived wards in recent years. Most teenage conceptions occur at the age of 17, and there are only a small proportion under the age of 16 (around 30 per annum), with less than 10 under 16 births per year.

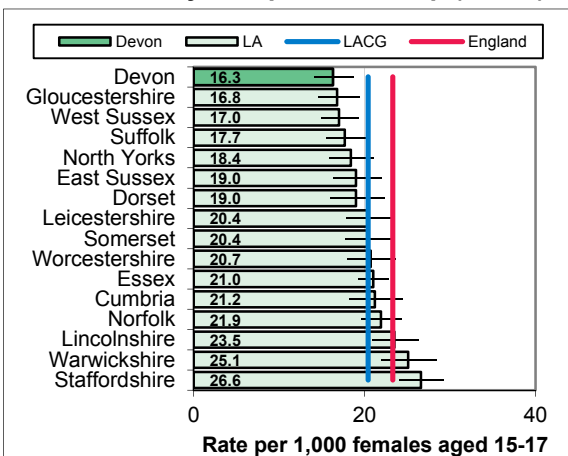
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District (2013)



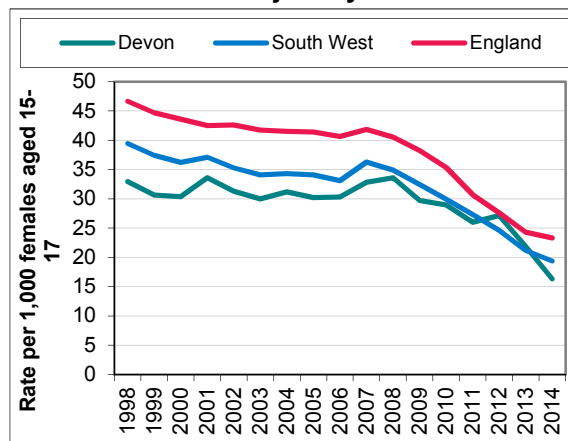
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



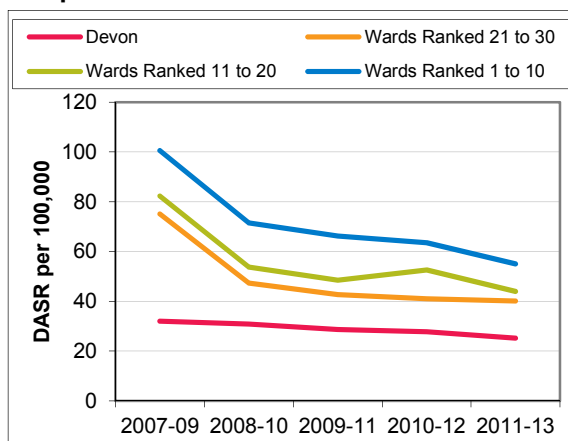
CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Teenage Conception Rate

Period: 2014 Q3 Rolling Year

Description	Conceptions in women aged under 18 per 1,000 females aged 15-17.
Source	Office for National Statistics
Update Frequency	Quarterly - 15 months in arrears (2014 due March 2016)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.04
Detailed Specification	Number of pregnancies that occur to women aged under 18, that result in either one or more live or still births or a legal abortion under the Abortion Act 1967. Population aged 15 to 17 derived from Office for National Statistics Mid Year Population Estimates. Conceptions are divided by population and then multiplied by 1,000.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time. Trajectory is based on 0.5 fall in rate per annum from 2009 baseline.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares rates in the wards with the highest teenage conception areas with the Devon average over time.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Child/Adolescent Mental Health Access Measure

Period: Not available

RAG Rating	
	Green
	Amber
	Red

INDICATOR STILL IN DEVELOPMENT

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Child/Adolescent Mental Health Access Measure

Period: Not available

Description	Not available.
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Source	Not available.
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Update Frequency	Not available.
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Outcomes Framework	Not applicable.
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Detailed Specification	Not available.
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Chart Notes South West	Not yet available.
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Chart Notes Local Authority	Not yet available.
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Chart Notes Comparator	Not yet available.
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Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Not yet available.
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Chart Notes Trend	Not yet available.
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Chart Notes Inequalities	Not yet available.
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DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Hospital Admissions for Self-Harm, Aged 10 to 24

Period: 2013-14

RAG Rating

	Green
	Amber
R	Red

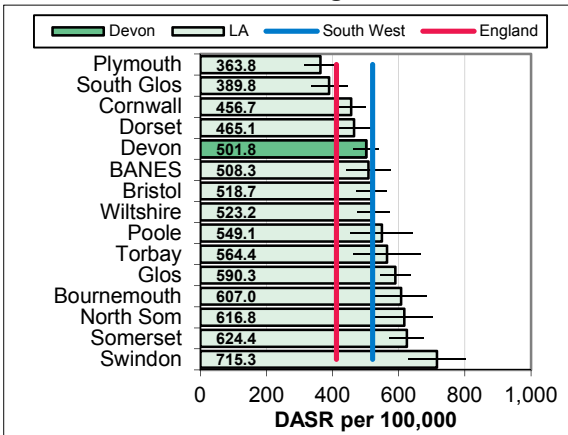
Overview

There were 653 hospital admissions for self-harm in persons aged 10 to 24 in Devon in 2013-14. The rate per 100,000 in Devon was 501.8, which is below the South West rate (520.8), but above the local authority comparator group (463.1) and England (412.1) rates. Admission rates increased from 376.6 in 2007-08 to 501.8 in 2013-14. Within Devon rates were highest in Exeter, and lowest in the South Hams.

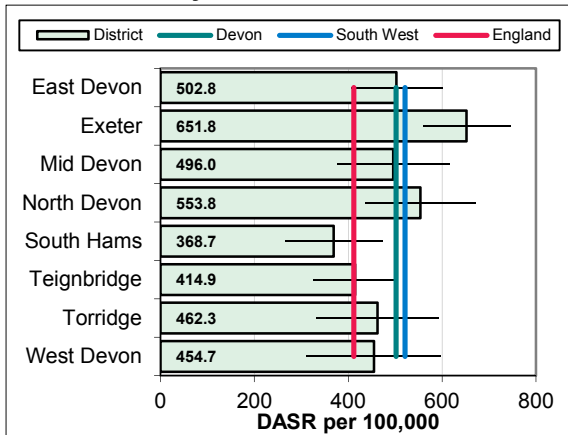
Equalities

Rates of hospital admission for self-harm are three times higher in females than males and the gap has widened in recent years. Within the 10 to 24 age group admission rates were highest in those aged 15 to 19 (775.8). Admission rates also are higher in more deprived areas, with a rate of 1031.1 in the most deprived areas compared with 427.8 in the least deprived areas in 2013-14.

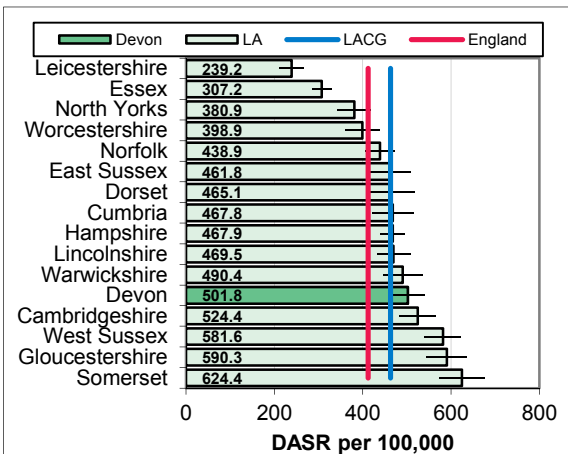
South West Benchmarking



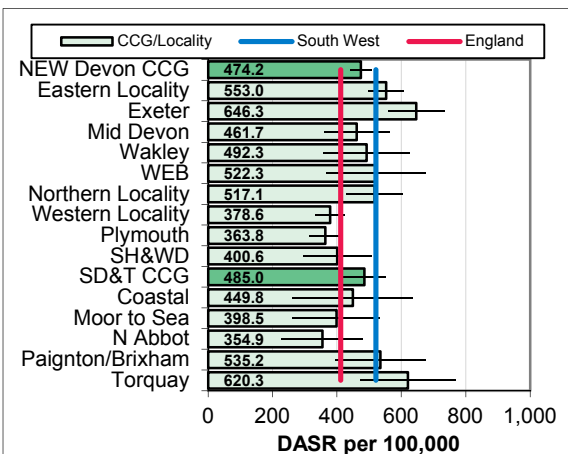
Local Authority District



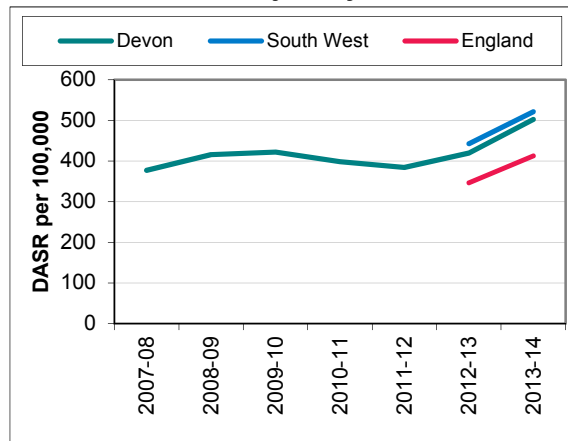
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



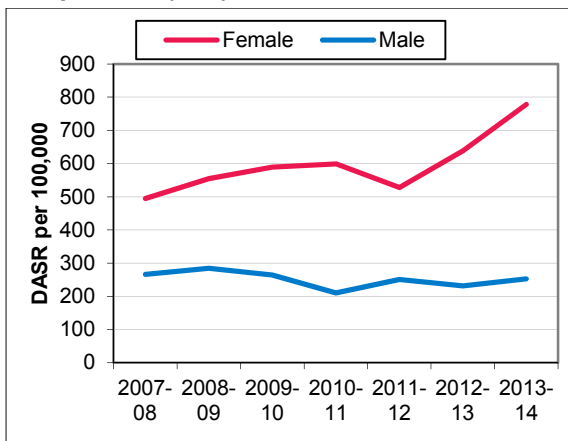
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Sex)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Hospital Admissions for Self-Harm, Aged 10 to 24

Period: 2013-14

Description	Direct Age Standardised Rate of finished admission episodes for self-harm per 100,000 population aged 10 to 24 years
Source	Source: CHIMAT Child Health Profiles http://www.chimat.org.uk/profiles Uses Hospital Episode Statistics from Health and Social Care Information Centre
Update Frequency	Annual, 2014-15 due 2016
Outcomes Framework	Local Proxy Indicator based on CHIMAT Child Health Profiles. Full Indicator will appear as: Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.10 when finalised.
Detailed Specification	Numerator is number of finished admission episodes in children aged between 10 and 24 years where the main recorded cause is between 'X60' and 'X84' (Intentional self-harm). Population for people aged 10 to 24, aggregated into quinary age bands. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. The 2013 revision to the European Standard Population has been used.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate over time. South West region and England rates not available as historical information has been published for the indicator.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares rates within Devon by sex.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Proportion of Physically Active Adults

Period: 2014

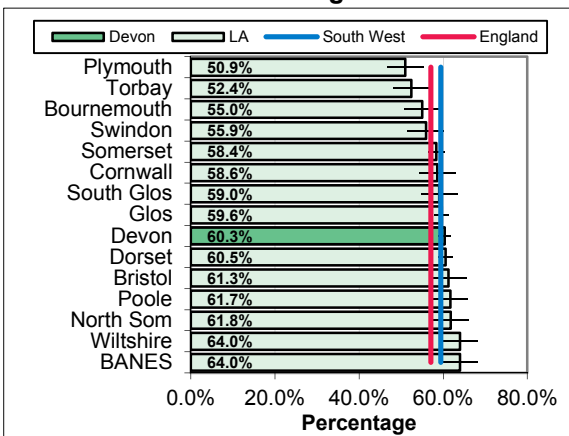
RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

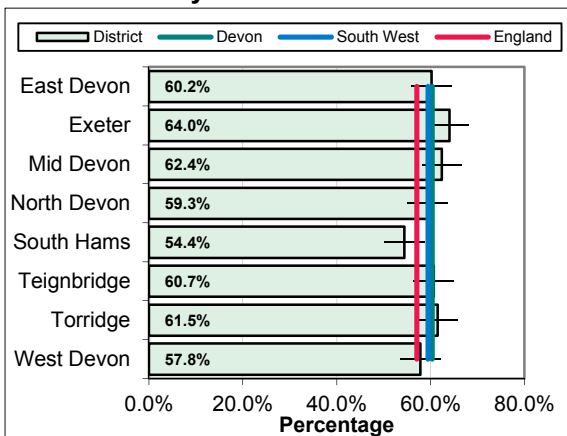
Overview
60.3% of adults in Devon were physically active for at least 150 minutes per week in 2014. This is broadly in line with South West (59.4%), and comparator group (58.9%) and significantly above the national (57.0%) rates. The differences between the districts in Devon were not statistically significant. Levels of physical activity decreased slightly from 60.9% in 2013 to 60.3% in 2014.

Equalities
Local breakdowns by deprivation or equality characteristics are not available. National results from the Active People survey highlight that physical activity rates are higher in less deprived areas and professional groups. Participation is also higher in males and younger age groups. There are no significant differences by ethnicity. Activity rates are significantly lower in people with limiting long-term health problems.

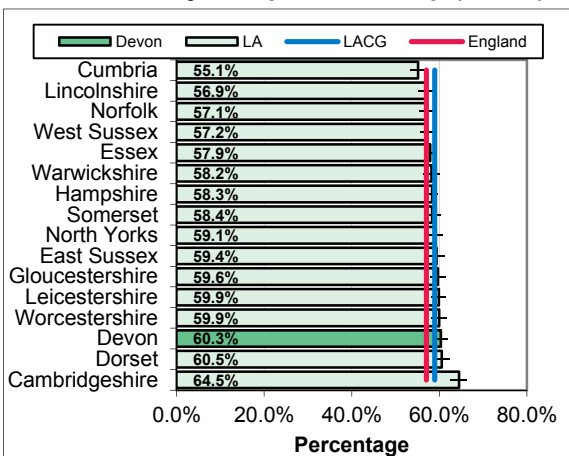
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District



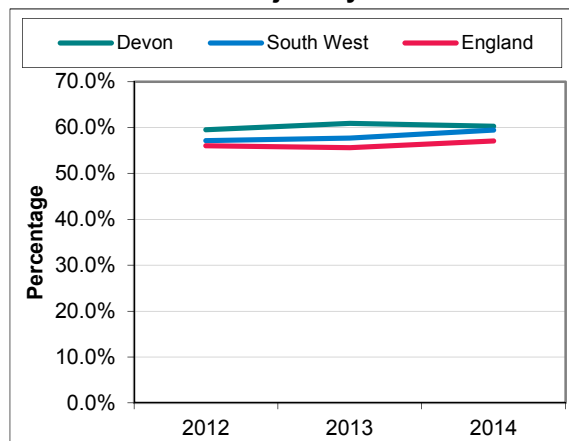
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Proportion of Physically Active Adults

Period: 2014

Description	Percentage of adults achieving at least 150 minutes of physical activity per week in accordance with UK CMO recommended guidelines on physical activity.
Source	Sport England's Active People Survey (APS) http://www.sportengland.org/research.aspx
Update Frequency	Annually, around eight months in arrears (2015 update expected August 2016)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.13 will relate to physical activity / inactivity - indicator still in development and likely to deviate from this measure.
Detailed Specification	The number of respondents aged 16 and over, with valid responses to questions on physical activity, doing at least 150 "equivalent" minutes of at least moderate intensity physical activity per week in bouts of 10 minutes or more in the previous 28 days expressed as a percentage of the total number of respondents aged 16. This includes physical activity as a mode of transportation to work, as well as direct leisure activities.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Excess Weight in Four / Five Year Olds

Period: 2014-15 (School Year) ***UPDATED INDICATOR***

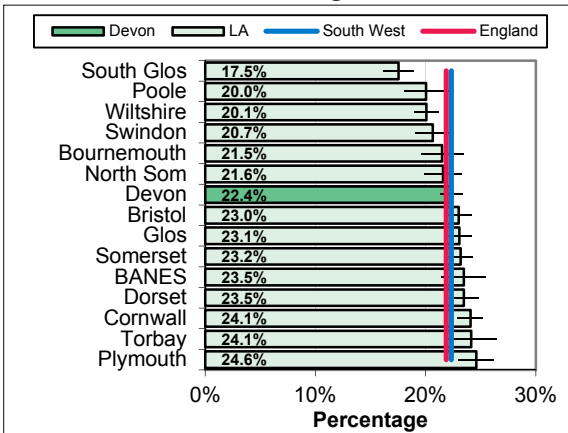
RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

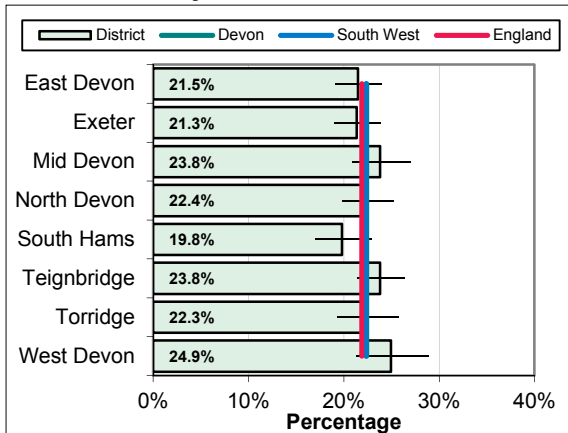
Overview
This measure of 'excess weight' covers children classified as overweight or very overweight. In reception year (aged four or five) 22.4% of pupils in Devon were recorded in the excess weight category, compared to 22.3% for the South West, 21.8% for the local authority comparator group, and 21.9% for England. Within Devon no areas were significantly above the national rate. Rates decreased on 2013-14 levels.

Equalities
Local results by deprivation and other criteria have not yet been released. Previous results for Devon that whilst obesity rates were significantly higher in more deprived areas, the difference for the combined excess weight were not statistically significant. Levels of excess weight were higher in boys than girls. No significant differences were observed by ethnic group in Devon.

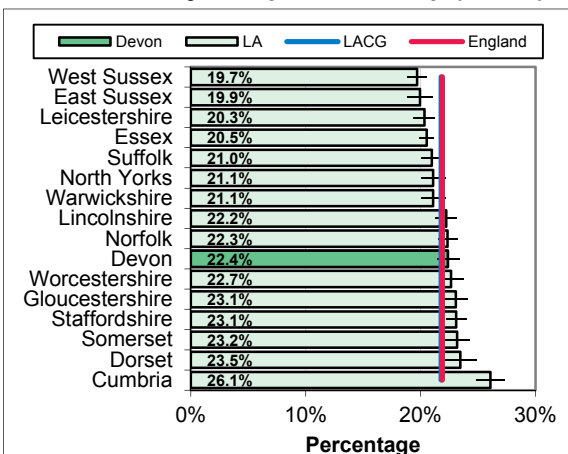
South West Benchmarking



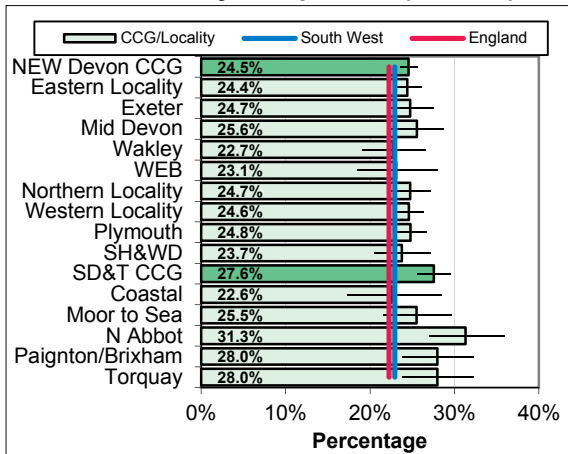
Local Authority District



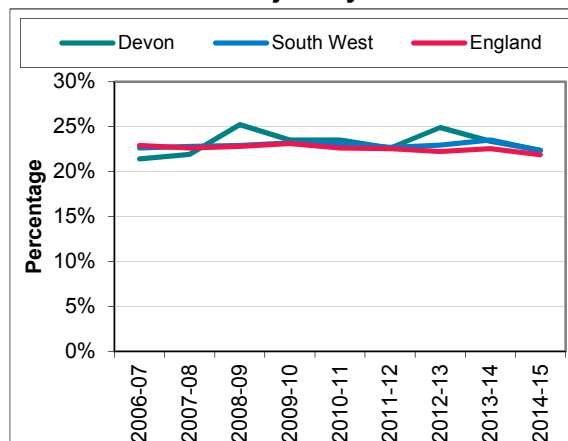
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



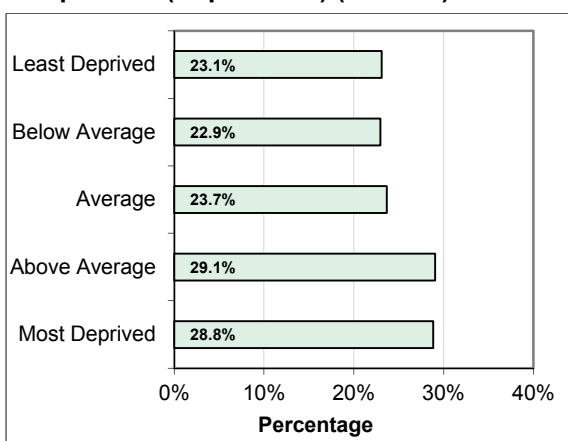
CCG and Locality Comparison (2012-13)



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation) (2012-13)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Excess Weight in Four / Five Year Olds

Period: 2014-15 (School Year)

Description	Proportion of children aged 4-5 (reception year) classified as overweight or very overweight.
Source	Health and Social Care Information Centre and Devon Public Health Intelligence Team
Update Frequency	Annually, four months after end of school year (2015-16 due December 2016).
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.06i
Detailed Specification	Number of children in Reception (aged 4-5 years) classified as overweight or very overweight in the academic year as percentage of all children with height and weight recorded. Children are classified as overweight (including very overweight) if their BMI is on or above the 85th centile of the British 1990 growth reference (UK90) according to age and sex. Results obtained from National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) covering children attending participating state maintained schools in England.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time. Trajectory is based on 0.1% per annum fall.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Excess Weight in 10 / 11 Year Olds

Period: 2014-15 (School Year) ***UPDATED INDICATOR***

RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

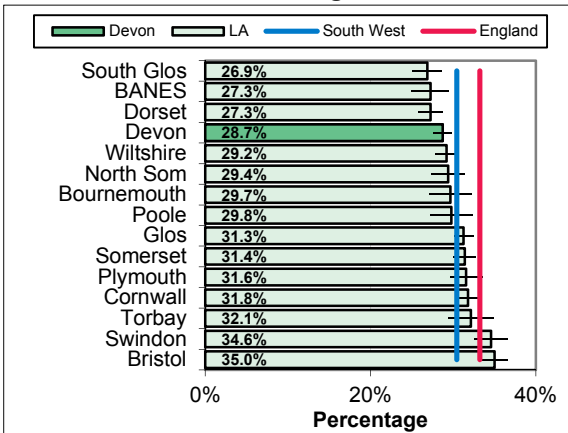
Overview

This measure of 'excess weight' covers children classified as overweight or very overweight. In year six (aged 10 or 11) 28.7% of pupils in Devon were recorded in the excess weight category, which was below the South West (30.5%), local authority comparator group (31.0%), and England (33.2%) rates. The rates in the East Devon, North Devon, the South Hams and Teignbridge were significantly below the national rate. Rates decreased on 2013-14 levels.

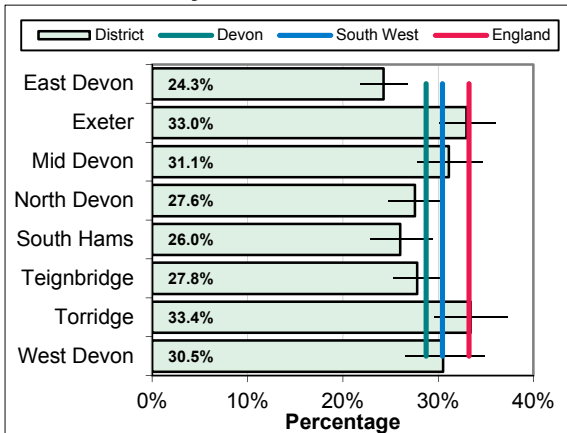
Equalities

Local results by deprivation and other criteria have not yet been released. Previous results for Devon that whilst obesity rates were significantly higher in more deprived areas, the difference for the combined excess weight were not statistically significant. Levels of excess weight were higher in boys than girls. No significant differences were observed by ethnic group in Devon.

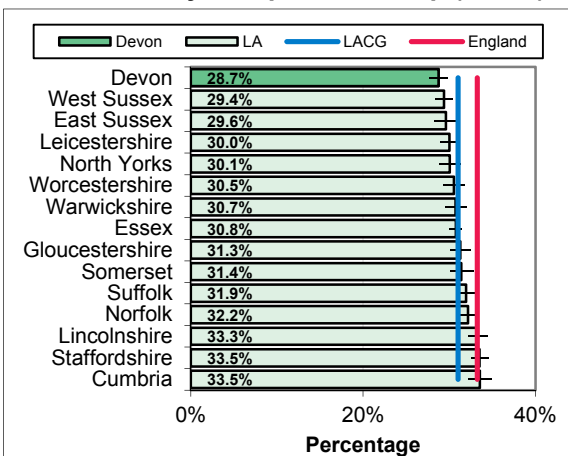
South West Benchmarking



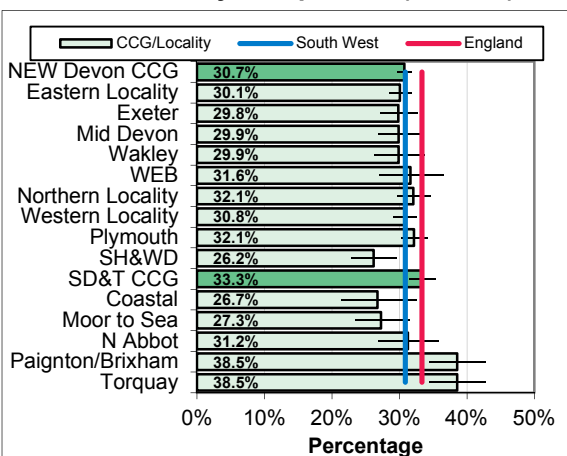
Local Authority District



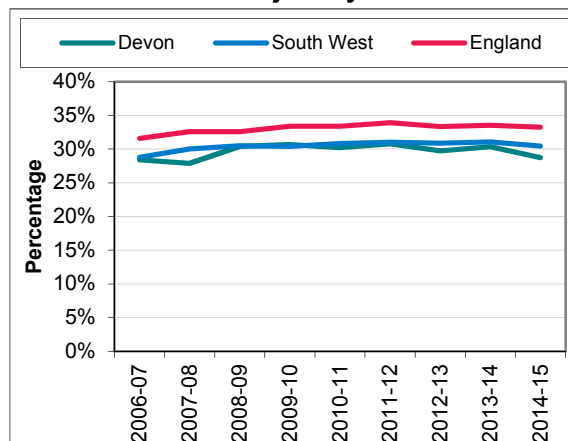
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



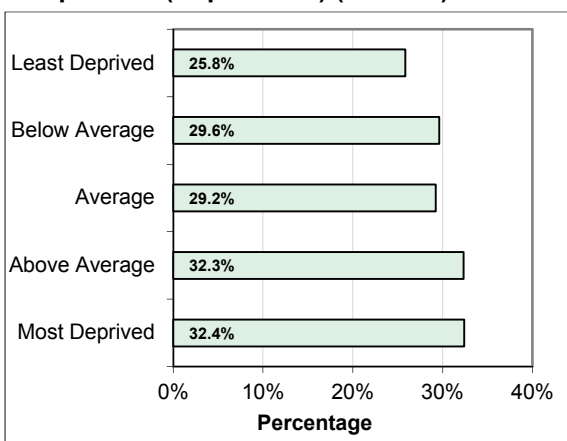
CCG and Locality Comparison (2012-13)



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation) (2012-13)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Excess Weight in 10 / 11 Year Olds

Period: 2014-15 (School Year)

Description	Proportion of children aged 10-11 (year six) classified as overweight or very overweight.
Source	Health and Social Care Information Centre and Devon Public Health Intelligence Team
Update Frequency	Annually, four months after end of school year (2015-16 due December 2016).
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.06ii
Detailed Specification	Number of children in Year Six (aged 10-11 years) classified as overweight or very overweight in the academic year as percentage of all children with height and weight recorded. Children are classified as overweight (including very overweight) if their BMI is on or above the 85th centile of the British 1990 growth reference (UK90) according to age and sex. Results obtained from National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) covering children attending participating state maintained schools in England.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time. Trajectory is based on 0.1% per annum fall.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Alcohol-Related Admissions (narrow definition)

Period: 2015-16 Q1

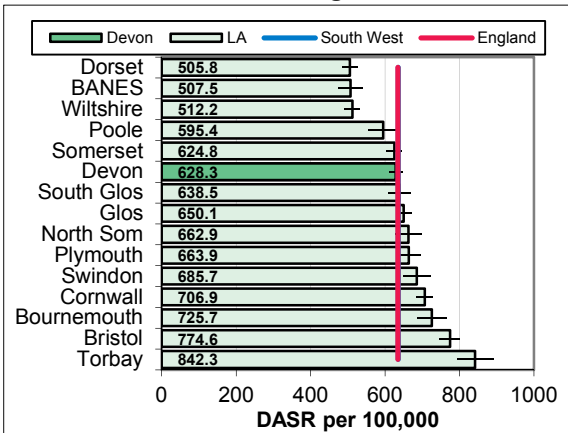
RAG Rating

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A	Amber
	Red

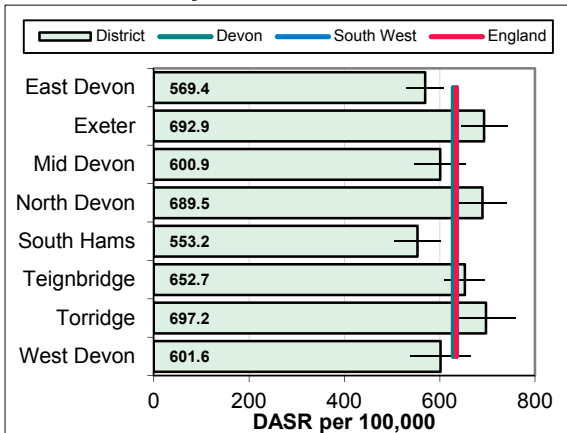
Overview Using the narrow definition from the Public Health Outcomes Framework, there were around 5,000 alcohol-related admissions to hospital for Devon residents between July 2014 to June 2015. The Direct Age Standardised Rate of admissions (628.3 per 100,000) is broadly in line with the regional and national rates but above the local authority comparator group rate. Rates within Devon are highest in Exeter, North Devon and Torridge. Rates are higher in more deprived areas.

Equalities Alcohol-Related Admission rates vary by age, with the highest rates in older age groups, reflecting the long-term effects of alcohol-use through life. Acute admissions (accidents and poisonings) are most common in young adults, mental health admissions in persons in their 40s and 50s, and admissions for chronic conditions in older age groups. Admission rates are higher for males than females.

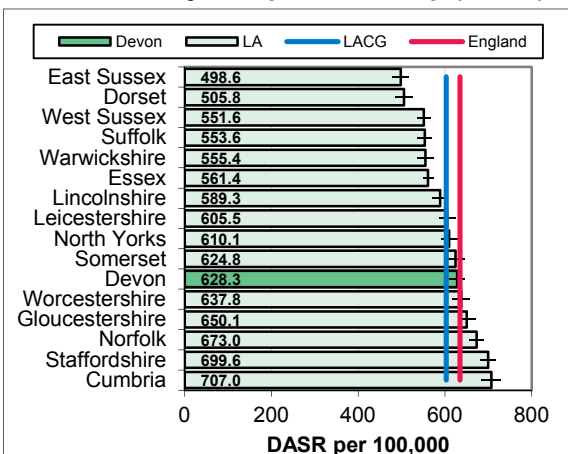
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District



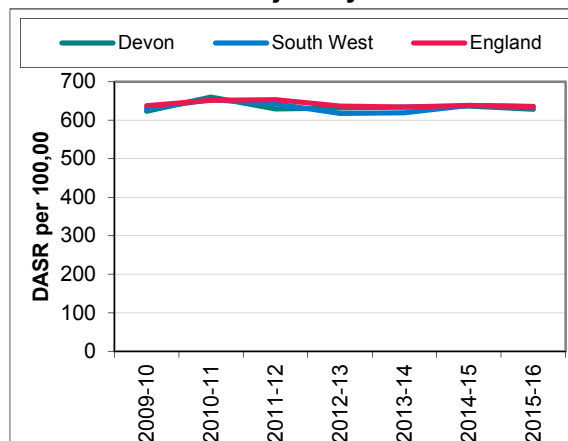
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



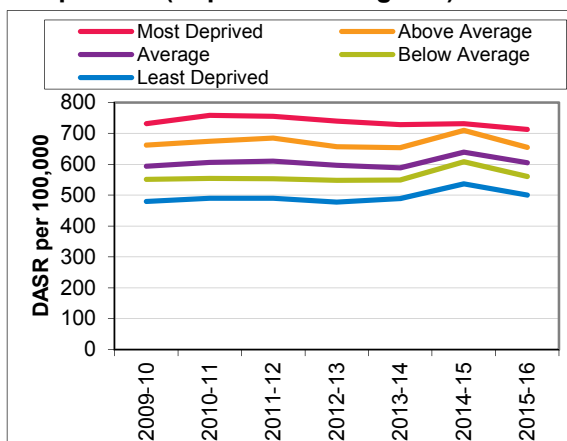
CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL.

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation - England)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Alcohol-Related Admissions (narrow definition)

Period: 2015-16 Q1

Description	Direct age-standardised rate of hospital admissions involving an alcohol-related primary diagnosis or an alcohol-related external cause per 100,000 population.
Source	North West Public Health Observatory (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Quarterly - typically three months in arrears.
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.18
Detailed Specification	Admissions to hospital involving an alcohol-related primary diagnosis or an alcohol-related external cause. Admissions of children under 16 were only included if they had an alcohol-specific diagnosis i.e. where the attributable fraction = 1, meaning that the admission is treated as being wholly attributable to alcohol. For other conditions, estimates of the alcohol-attributable fraction were not available for children. A detailed definition of the numerator data used for this indicator can be found at: www.lape.org.uk/downloads/Lape_guidance_and_methods.pdf
Chart Notes South West	Compares Primary Care Trusts in the South West Region. Will be changed to upper tier / unitary local authority analysis in 2013-14. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within England based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Alcohol-Related Admissions (broad definition)

Period: 2015-16 Q1

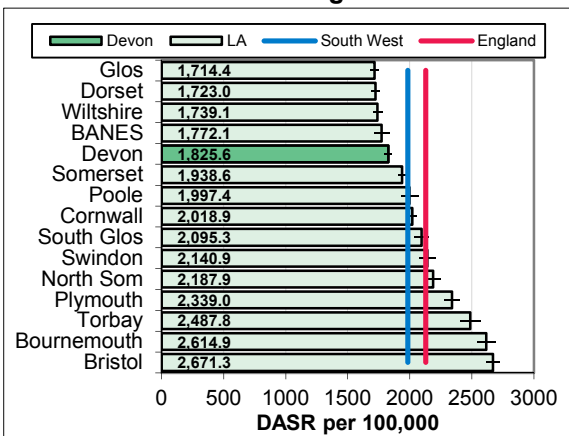
RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

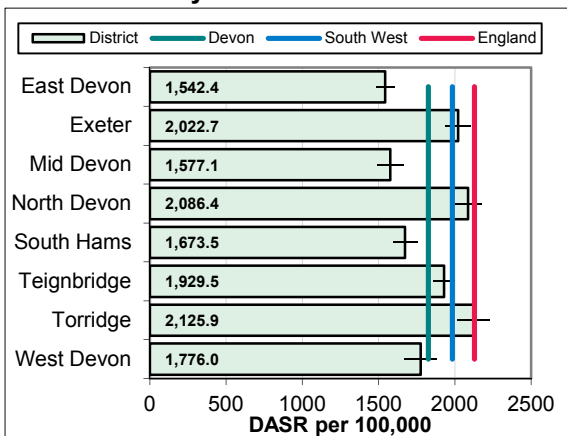
Overview Using the broad definition from the Public Health Outcomes Framework, there were around 15,000 alcohol-related admissions to hospital for Devon residents between July 2014 and June 2015. The Direct Age Standardised Rate of admissions (1825.6 per 100,000) was below the South West (1984.8), local authority comparator group (1854.8), and England (2128.7) rates. Rates within Devon are highest in Exeter, North Devon and Torridge. Rates are higher in more deprived areas.

Equalities Alcohol-Related Admission rates vary by age, with the highest rates in older age groups, reflecting the long-term effects of alcohol-use through life. Acute admissions (accidents and poisonings) are most common in young adults, mental health admissions in persons in their 40s and 50s, and admissions for chronic conditions in older age groups. Admission rates are higher for males than females.

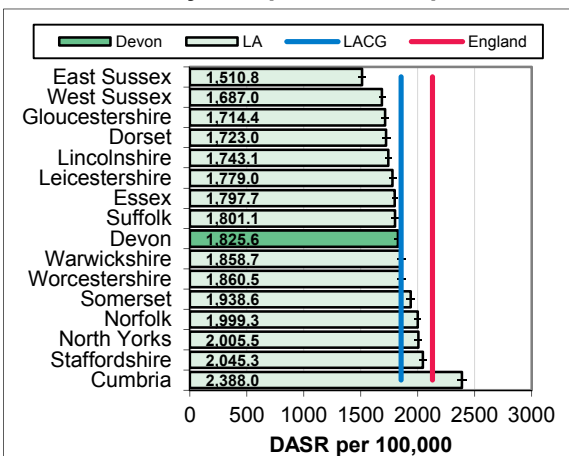
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District



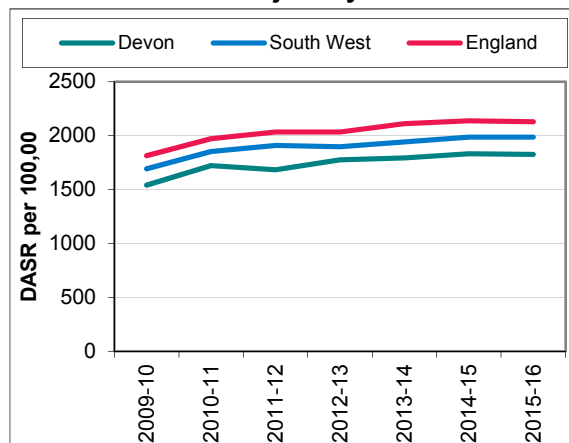
Local Authority Comparator Group



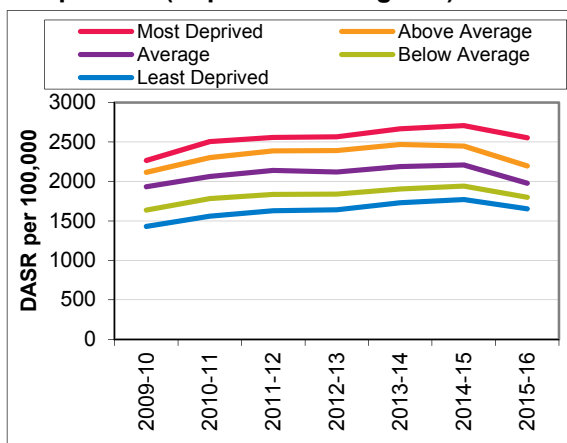
CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation - England)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Alcohol-Related Admissions (broad definition)

Period: 2015-16 Q1

Description	Direct age-standardised rate of hospital admissions involving an alcohol-related primary or secondary diagnosis per 100,000 population.
Source	North West Public Health Observatory (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Quarterly - typically three months in arrears.
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.18
Detailed Specification	Admissions to hospital involving an alcohol-related primary or secondary diagnosis. Admissions of children under 16 were only included if they had an alcohol-specific diagnosis i.e. where the attributable fraction = 1, meaning that the admission is treated as being wholly attributable to alcohol. For other conditions, estimates of the alcohol-attributable fraction were not available for children. A detailed definition of the numerator data used for this indicator can be found at: www.lape.org.uk/downloads/Lape_guidance_and_methods.pdf
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within England based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Adult Smoking Prevalence

Period: 2014

UPDATED INDICATOR

RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

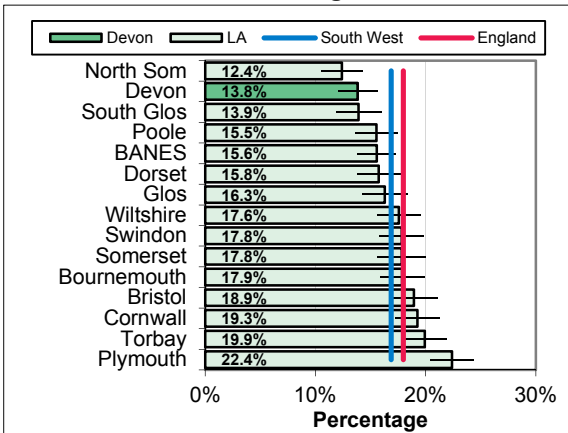
Overview

The latest figures from the Integrated Household Survey suggest that 13.8% of the adult population in Devon smoke. This is below the South West (16.9%), local authority comparator group (16.8%) and England rate (18.0%). Smoking prevalence rates have dropped in Devon over recent years. Variations observed at a local authority district level were not statistically significant.

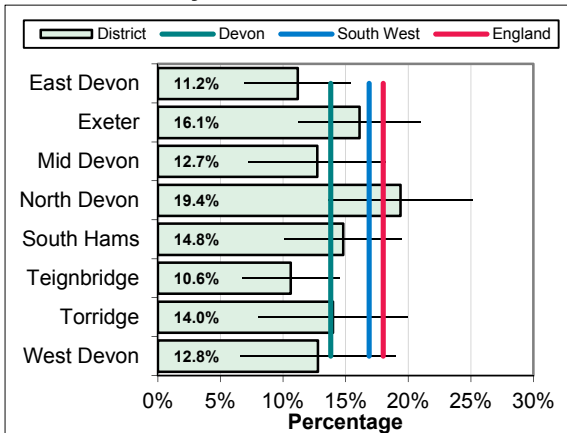
Equalities

Smoking rates in Devon are higher in people working in routine and manual occupations (22.0%), although rates are falling. Levels of smoking are highest in the 16 to 29 age group, and are higher in males than females, although it should be noted that rates have been slower to fall in females. Adults smoking in the household greatly increases the likelihood of children taking up smoking at age 16.

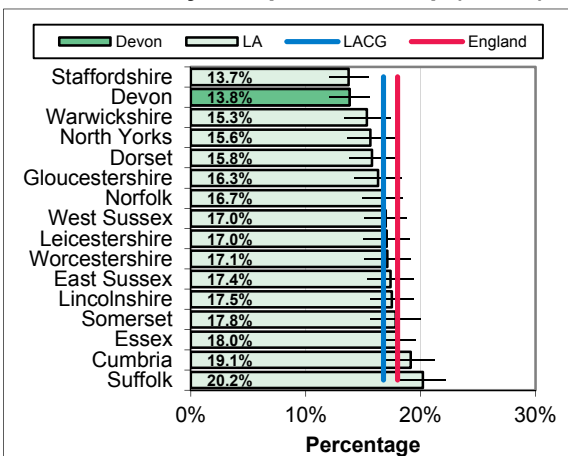
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District



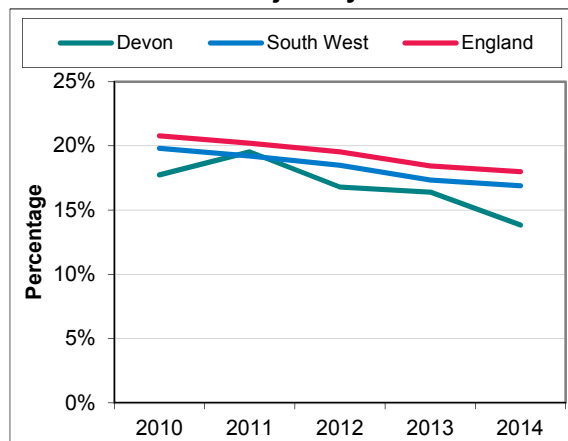
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



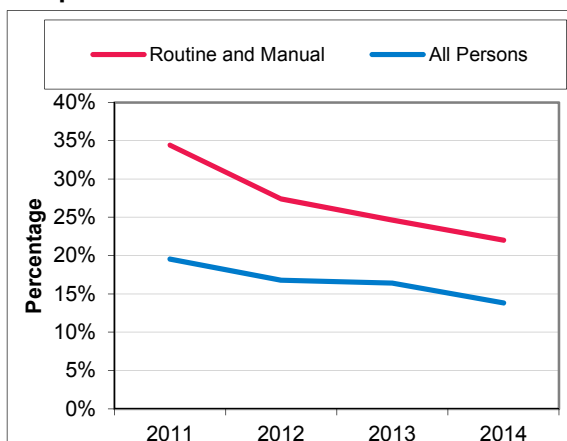
CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Adult Smoking Prevalence

Period: 2014

Description	Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who smoke
Source	Office for National Statistics Integrated Household Survey. Analysed by DH and published by LHO.
Update Frequency	Annually, next update due late 2016
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.14
Detailed Specification	The number of persons aged 18+ who are self-reported smokers in the Integrated Household Survey. The number of respondents has been weighted in order to improve representativeness of the sample. The weights take into account survey design and non-response. Denominator is Total number of respondents (with valid recorded smoking status) aged 18+ in the Integrated Household Survey. The number of respondents has been weighted in order to improve representativeness of the sample. The weights take into account survey design and non-response.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares smoking prevalence in routine and manual occupation groups with the overall prevalence over time.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Cancers

Period: 2012-14

UPDATED INDICATOR

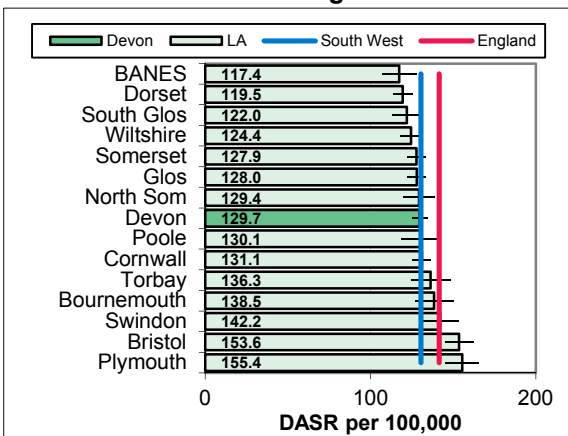
RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

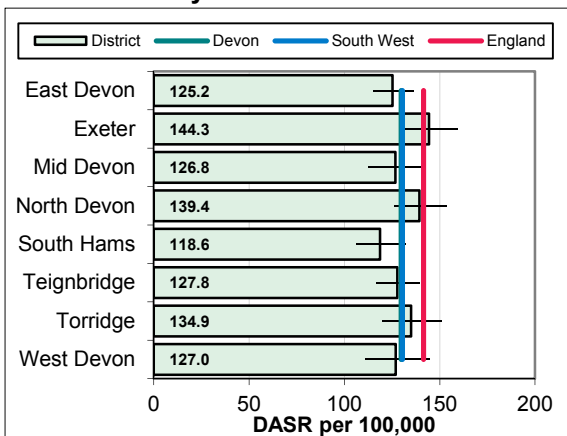
Overview
There are around 1,000 deaths annually due to cancer in under 75s, with an direct age standardised rate of 129.7 per 100,000 for 2012-14. The Devon rate was below the South West (130.5), local authority comparator group (132.1), and England (141.5) rates. Within the county, rates are highest in Exeter (144.3). Mortality rates by year have fallen from 157.2 in 2001-03. Mortality rates are higher in more deprived areas.

Equalities
Mortality from cancer increases rapidly with age, with the highest mortality rates in under 75s in the 65 to 74 age group. Mortality rates from cancer are around 20% higher in males than females in England. In terms of ethnicity, Cancer Reseach UK suggests higher mortality rates in white groups, although survival rates for breast cancer are lower in Asian and Black ethnic groups.

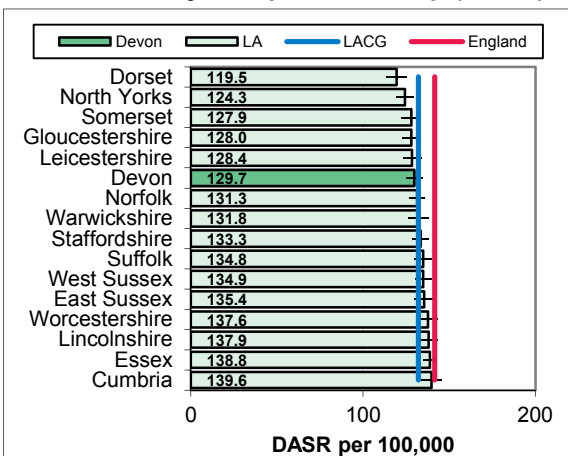
South West Benchmarking



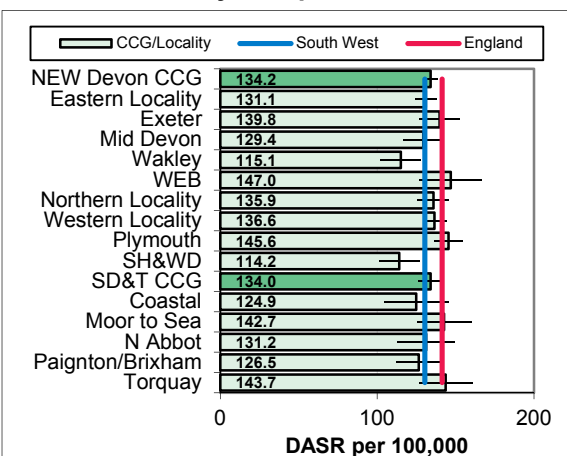
Local Authority District



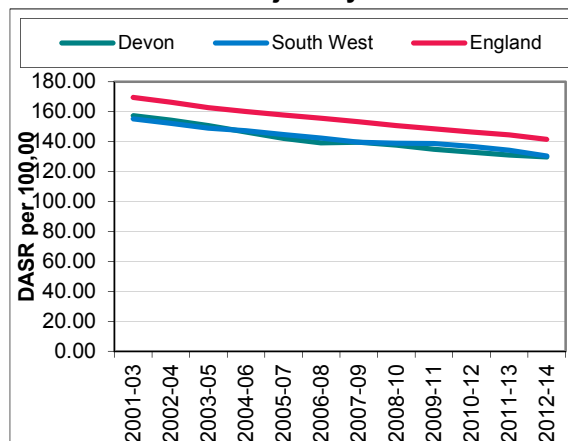
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



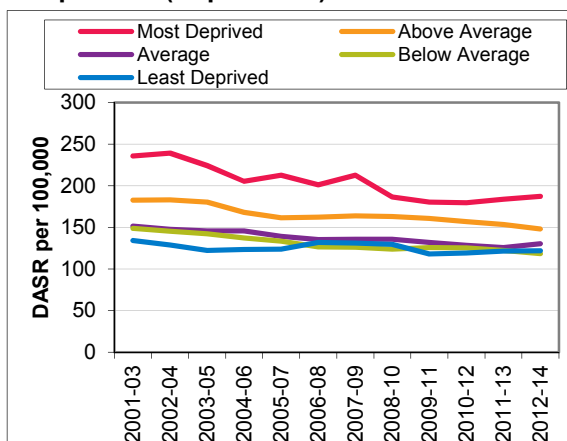
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Cancers

Period: 2012-14

Description	Direct age-standardised rate (DASR) of mortality from all cancers in persons less than 75 years per 100,000 population
Source	Office for National Statistics annual death extracts (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annual, 2015 data due autumn 2016
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.05i, NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.4
Detailed Specification	Number of deaths from all cancers (classified by underlying cause of death recorded as ICD codes C00-C97) registered in the respective calendar years, in people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Population for people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. The 2013 revision to the European Standard Population has been used for this
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Circulatory Diseases

Period: 2012-14

UPDATED INDICATOR

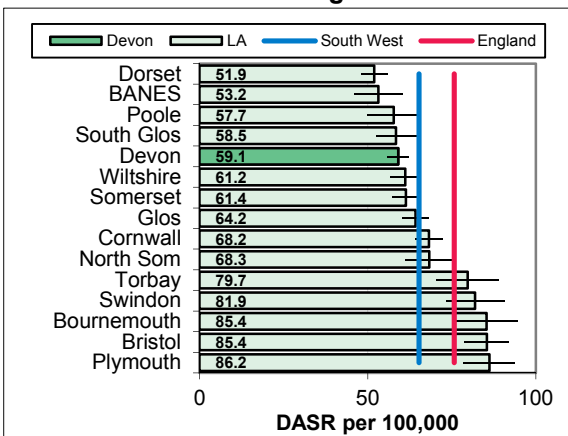
RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

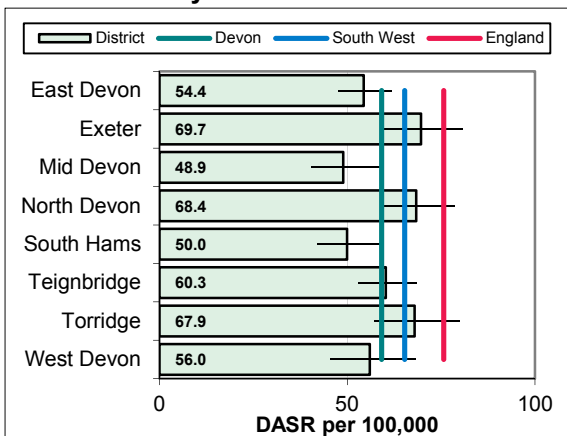
Overview
 There are around 455 circulatory deaths annually in under 75s, with a direct age standardised rate of 59.1 per 100,000 for 2012-14. The Devon rate was below the South West (65.3), local authority comparator group (65.4) and England (75.7) rates. Within the county, rates are highest in Exeter, North Devon and Torridge. Mortality rates fell from 107.7 in 2001-03. In recent year the health inequality gap has narrowed considerably in Devon.

Equalities
 Mortality from circulatory disease increases rapidly with age, with the highest mortality rates in under 75s in the 65 to 74 age group, and very few deaths in persons aged under 40. In Devon mortality rates are 2.5 times higher in males than females. The British Heart Foundation highlight that whilst risks did not vary considerably by ethnic group for females, white males were at higher risk.

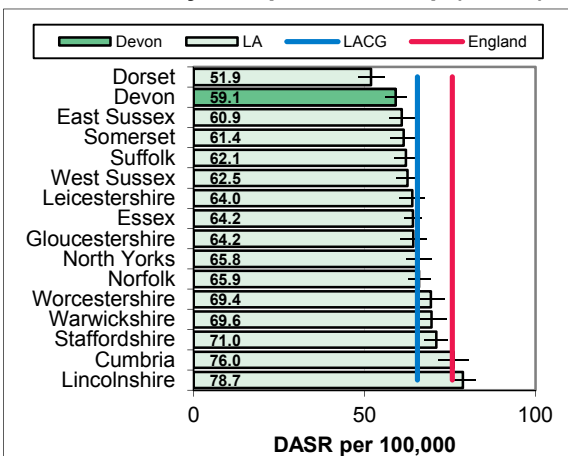
South West Benchmarking



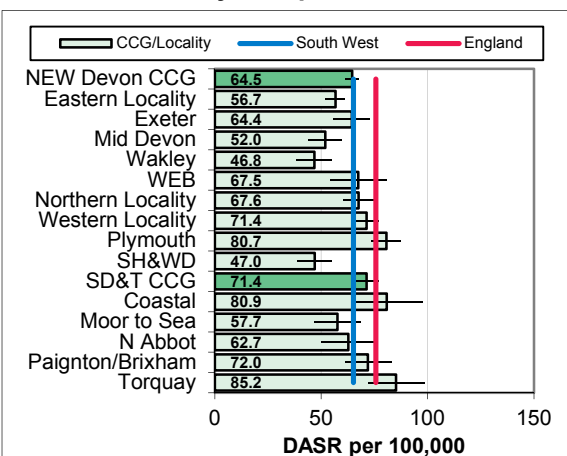
Local Authority District



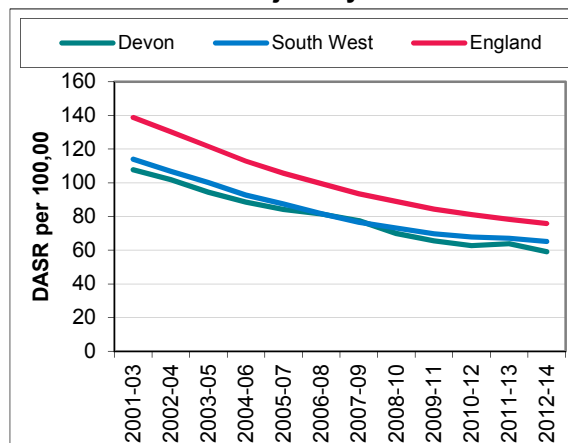
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



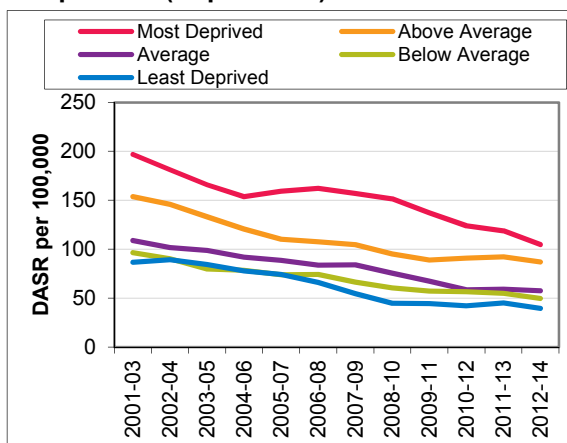
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Circulatory Diseases

Period: 2012-14

Description	Direct age-standardised rate (DASR) of mortality from all cardiovascular diseases (including heart disease and stroke) in persons less than 75 years per 100,000 population.
Source	Office for National Statistics annual death extracts (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annual, 2015 data due autumn 2016
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.04i, NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.1
Detailed Specification	Number of deaths from all cardiovascular diseases (classified by underlying cause of death recorded as ICD codes I00-I99) registered in the respective calendar years, in people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Population for people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. The 2013 revision to the European Standard Population has been used for
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Incidence of Clostridium Difficile

Period: 2014-15

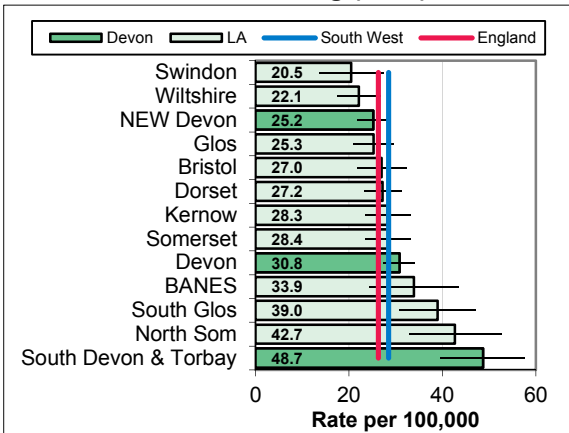
RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

Overview There were 354 cases of Clostridium Difficile in 2014-15 in Devon, Plymouth and Torbay. The incidence rate per 100,000 in Devon (30.8) was not significantly different from the South West (28.5), local authority comparator group (27.4) and England (26.3) rates. Infection rates increased slightly on 2013-14 levels. Within Devon infection highs were higher in the South Devon and Torbay CCG (48.7) and lower in Northern Eastern and Western Devon CCG (25.2).

Equalities Incidence of Clostridium Difficile increases significantly with age, with a rate in 2012-13 of 9.7 per 100,000 in those aged 40 to 59 compared to 282.0 per 100,000 for those aged 80 and over. This is a consequence of higher hospital admissions in these age groups, a greater likelihood of living in a communal establishment (care homes) and poorer general health. Rates are also higher in females and in more

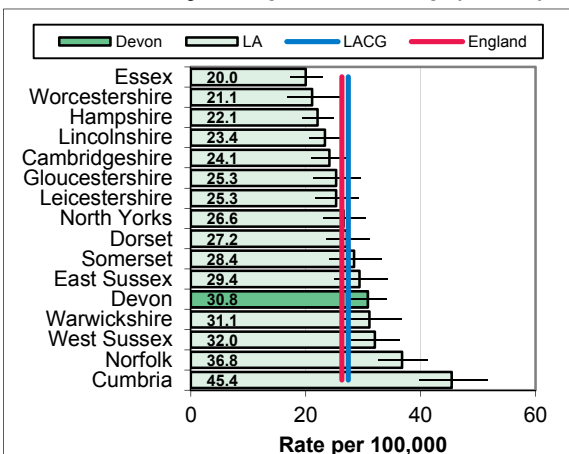
South West Benchmarking (CCG)



Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

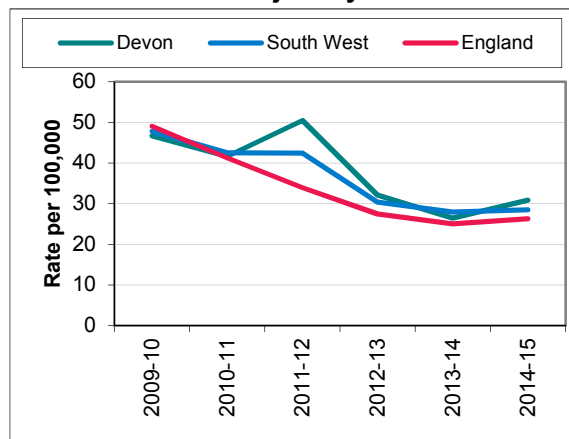
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Incidence of Clostridium Difficile

Period: 2014-15

Description	Total number of Clostridium Difficile (acute trust and community attributable) detected in the period per 100,000 people aged 2 and over.
Source	Public Health England HCAI (Health Care Associated Infection) Data Capture System
Update Frequency	Annually around four months in arrears, 2015-16 expected in July 2016.
Outcomes Framework	NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 5.2ii
Detailed Specification	IMPORTANT NOTE: Due to changes to reporting, data are no longer produced on a local authority basis. These measures represent CCG numbers and rates attributed by 'best fit' to local authority areas. Where 'Devon' figures are shown these are the aggregate of the two local CCGs. Overall number of cases of C. difficile Indicator construction: Based on mandatory surveillance of C. difficile as reported to the Health Protection Agency Data Capture System. Denominator from ONS Mid Year Population Estimates (persons aged 2 and over). The rate is a crude rate and is not standardised by age group.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Devon and Clinical Commissioning Groups in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	No longer available at local authority level.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Local Authority	No longer available for Clinical Commissioning Group localities or sub-localities.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	No longer available.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Injuries Due to Falls

Period: 2013-14

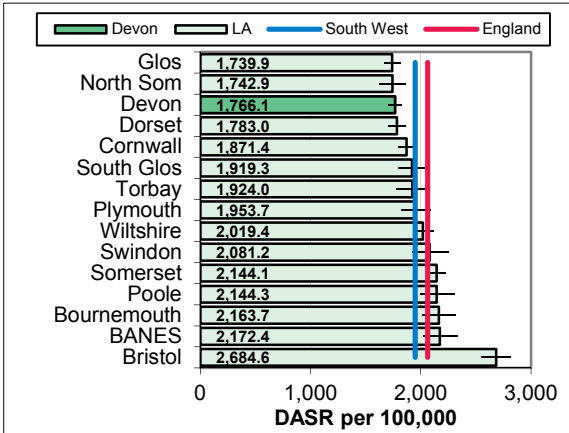
RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

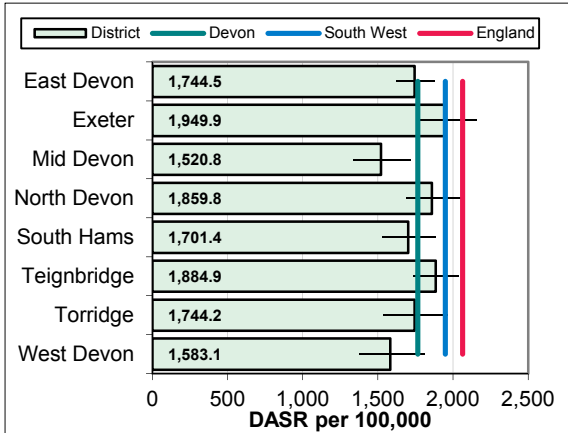
Overview There were 3,518 admissions due to falls in 2013-14 in Devon for people aged 65 and over. The age standardised rate per 100,000 was 1766.1 in Devon, which is below the South West (1950.3), local authority comparator group (1905.3) and England (2064.3) rates. The rate in Devon is the second lowest in the South West. Within Devon rates were significantly lower in Mid Devon (1520.8). Rates have increased on 2012-13 levels.

Equalities Age standardised admission rates have remained consistently higher in the most deprived deprivation quintile. Whilst the gap narrowed in 2012-13, the rate in the most deprived areas (2233.1) was still 47% higher than the least deprived areas (1523.9). Rates increase sharply with age with an age-specific rate of 484.2 for persons aged 65 to 69, compared with 6146.8 for those aged 85 and over.

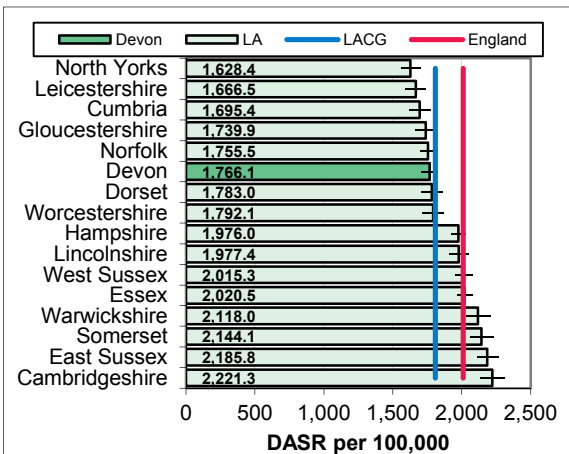
South West Benchmarking



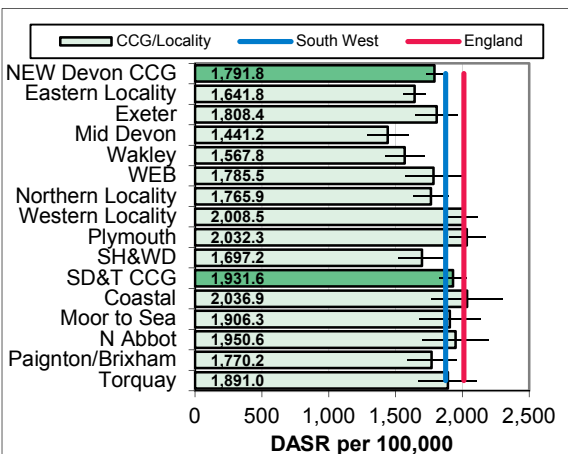
Local Authority District



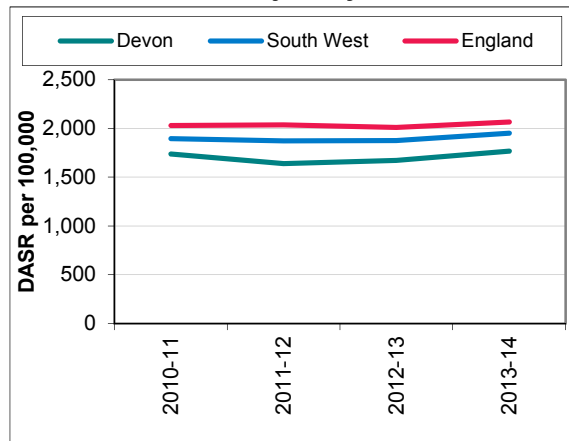
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



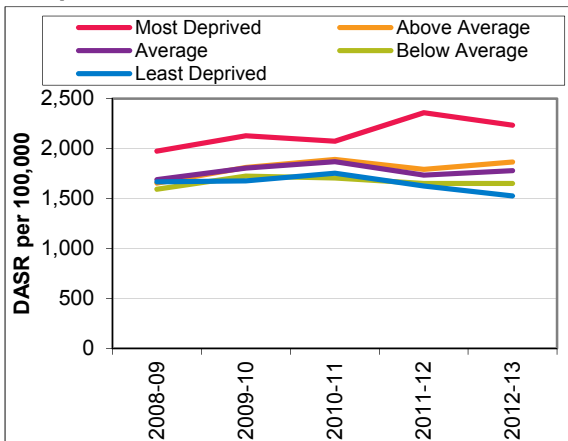
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Injuries Due to Falls

Period: 2013-14

Description	Emergency hospital admissions for falls injuries in persons aged 65 and over, directly age-sex standardised rate per 100,000.
Source	Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), Health and Social Care Information Centre: analysed nationally by West Midlands Knowledge and Information Team, and locally by Devon Public Health Intelligence Team
Update Frequency	Annually, around six months after year end (2014-15 national comparators due Autumn 2014).
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.24
Detailed Specification	Emergency admissions for falls injuries classified by primary diagnosis code (ICD10 code S00-T98) and external cause (ICD10 code W00-W19) and an emergency admission code. Age at admission 65 and over. Counted by first finished consultant episode (excluding regular and day attenders) in financial year in which episode ended, by local authority and region of residence from the HES data. Population based on Local Authority estimates of resident population produced by ONS. Analysis uses the quinary age bands 65-69, 70-74, 75-79, 80-84 and 85+, by sex. Calculated using the 2013 European Standard Population.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on GP practice attributions. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time. Trajectory is projection to reach the national target of 67% by 2015.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on local GP practice deprivation quintiles. Calculated using the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation).

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Dementia Diagnosis Rate

Period: 2014-15

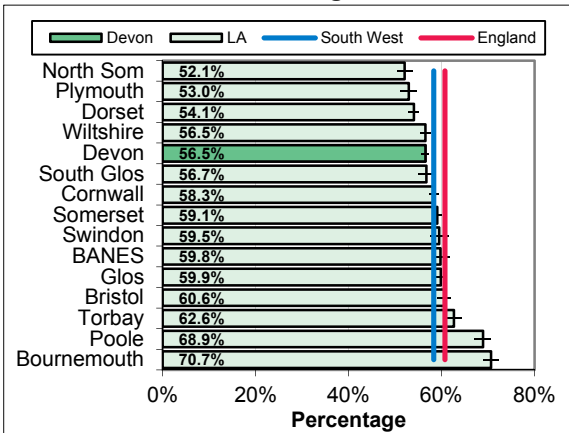
RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

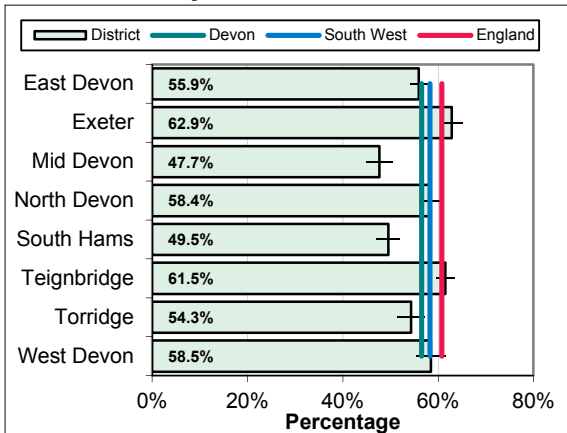
Overview In March 2015, 7,838 people in Devon were on a GP register for dementia, compared with an expected prevalence of 13,864, this is a diagnosis rate of 56.5%. The gap between Devon and the South West and England has narrowed considerably over the last two years. Diagnosis rates increased from 28.0% in 2006-07 and 44.9% in March 2014. The highest rates in Devon are seen in Exeter area (62.9%) and are particularly high in the Coastal locality covering Teignmouth and Dawlish (66.1%).

Equalities There are no significant differences in Devon based on area deprivation. Dementia prevalence rates are higher in females. This, coupled with longer life expectancy, means females with dementia outnumber males by more than two to one. Prevalence rates for dementia increase rapidly with age, with one in 1400 affected under the age of 65, compared with more than one in five in those aged 85 and over.

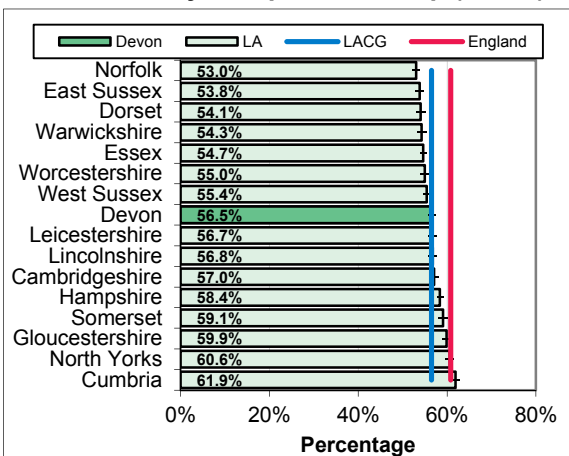
South West Benchmarking



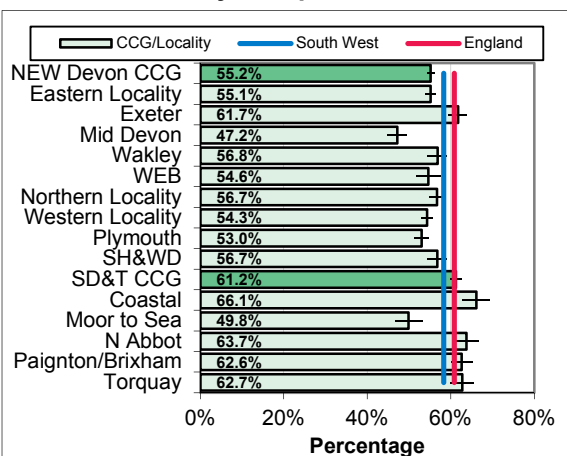
Local Authority District



Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



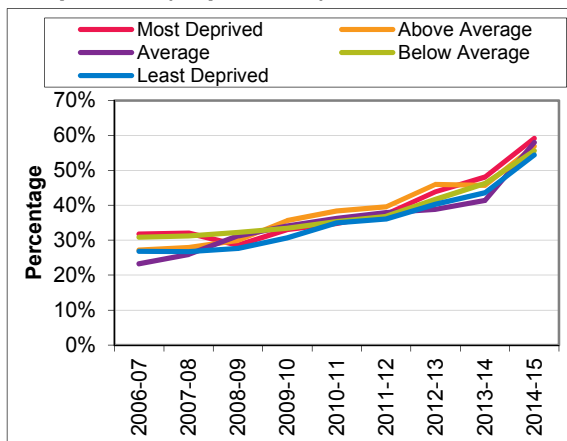
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Dementia Diagnosis Rate

Period: 2014-15

Description	Number of persons recorded on a GP Dementia Disease Register as a % of those in the area predicted to have dementia (using age and sex based estimates)
Source	NHS Dementia Prevalence Calculator Primary Care Data Tool, Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Local GP Practice Deprivation Quintiles)
Update Frequency	Quarterly, typically three to four weeks in arrears
Outcomes Framework	NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.6i, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.11 - not yet finalised as new dementia prevalence estimates are currently being devised to inform the frameworks.
Detailed Specification	Numerator is the number of people on a GP practice dementia disease register at the end of the given period and reported through the Quality and Outcomes Framework. Numbers predicted to have dementia apply local GP practice population in quinary age bands to age and sex specific dementia prevalence rates from the 2007 Dementia UK prevalence study. Rate divides the number on the QOF register by the predicted number with dementia to give the percentage diagnosed. GP practice numerators and denominators are aggregated to areas based on location of practice.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Former Primary Care Trusts in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on GP practice attributions. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on local GP practice deprivation quintiles. Calculated using the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation).

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Feel Supported to Manage Own Condition

Period: 2014-15 Q3-Q4

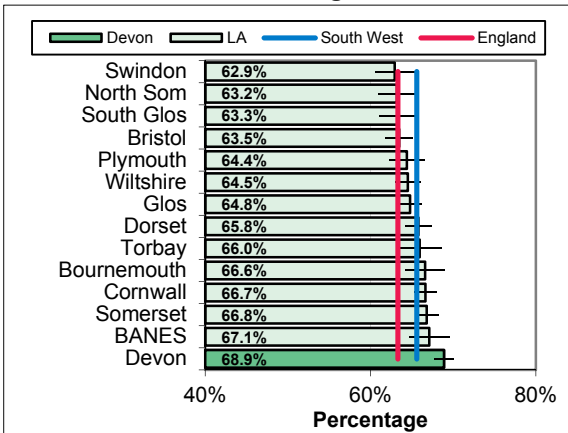
RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

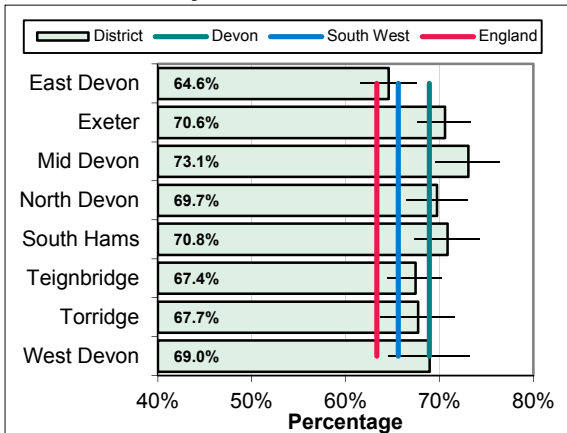
Overview In Devon during late 2014-15, 68.9% of people with a long-term condition in the GP survey, felt they had enough support to manage their own condition. This is significantly higher than national (63.3%), South West (65.6%) and local authority comparator group (64.2%) rates. Rates in NEW Devon CCG (67.8%) and South Devon and Torbay CCG (67.0%) were broadly similar, and highest in the Mid Devon locality (72.3%). Rates have also increased over recent years.

Equalities There was no clear relationship between feeling supported to manage their own condition and deprivation. National results reveal the older age groups (85 and over, 69.2%) feel better supported than younger age groups (18 to 24, 58.2%), males (65.3%) feel better supported than females (62.0%), and minority ethnic groups feel less well supported.

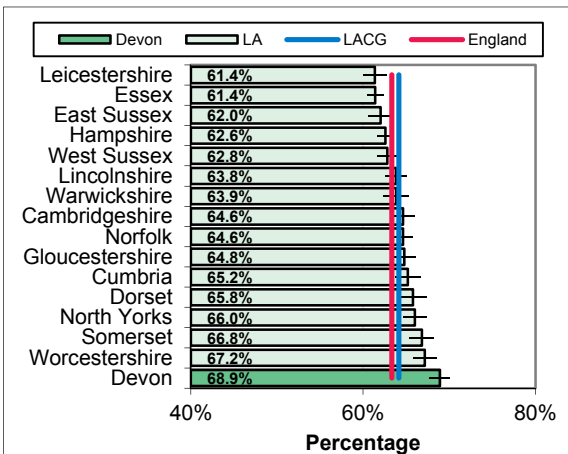
South West Benchmarking



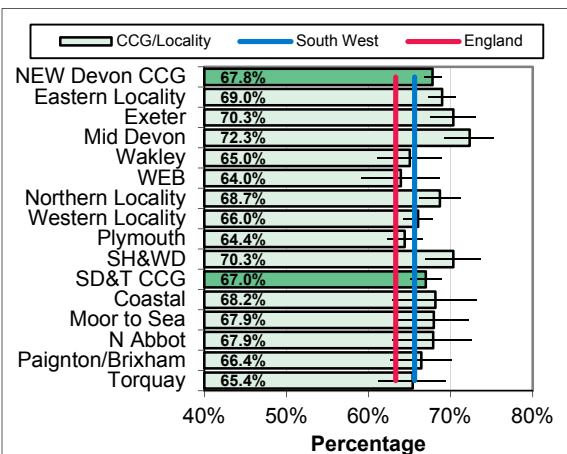
Local Authority District



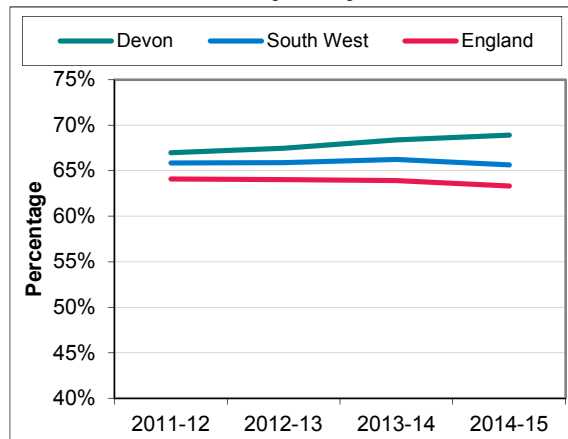
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



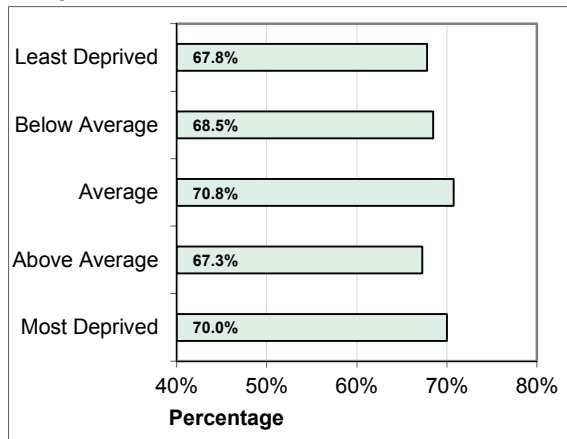
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Feel Supported to Manage Own Condition

Period: 2014-15 Q3-Q4

Description	Weighted percentage of people feeling supported to manage their condition.
Source	NHS GP Patient Survey
Update Frequency	Two times a year, next update due January 2016
Outcomes Framework	NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.1
Detailed Specification	Numerator: For people who answer yes to the Question 30 "Do you have a longstanding health condition", the numerator is the total number of 'Yes, definitely' or 'Yes, to some extent' answers to GPPS Question 32: In the last 6 months, have you had enough support from local services or organisations to help you manage your long-term condition(s)? Please think about all services and organisations, not just health services • Yes, definitely • Yes, to some extent • No • I have not needed such support • Don't know/can't say. Responses weighted according to the following 0-100 scale: "No" = 0 "Yes, to some extent" = 50 "Yes, definitely" = 100.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Former Primary Care Trusts in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on GP practice attributions. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on local GP practice deprivation quintiles. Calculated using the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation).

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Re-ablement Services (Effectiveness)

Period: 2014-15

RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

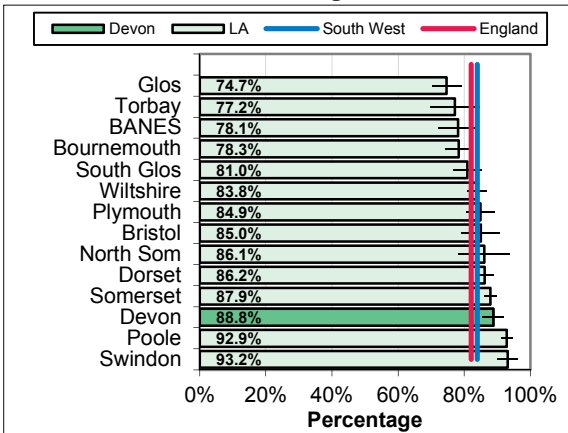
Overview

In 2014-15, reablement services were effective for 88.8% of older people who received the service in Devon, which was significantly higher than the South West (84.0%), local authority comparator group (82.8%) and England (82.1%). The rate decreased slightly from 89.8% in 2013-14. Within Devon the highest rates were seen in Mid Devon and the South Hams (100.0%).

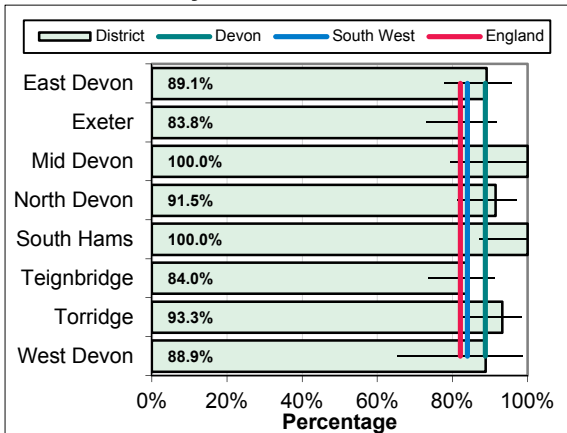
Equalities

There is no significant link between the effectiveness of reablement services and deprivation levels in Devon.

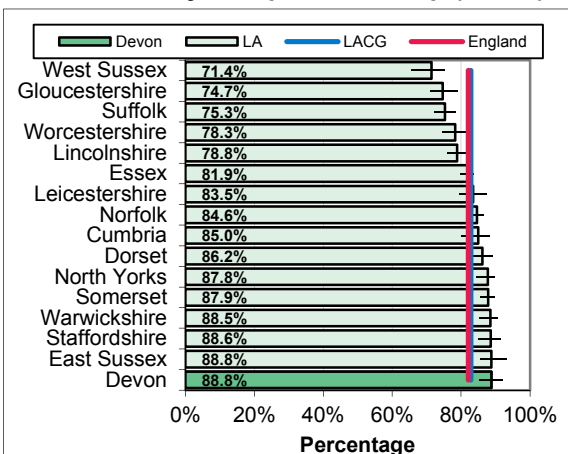
South West Benchmarking



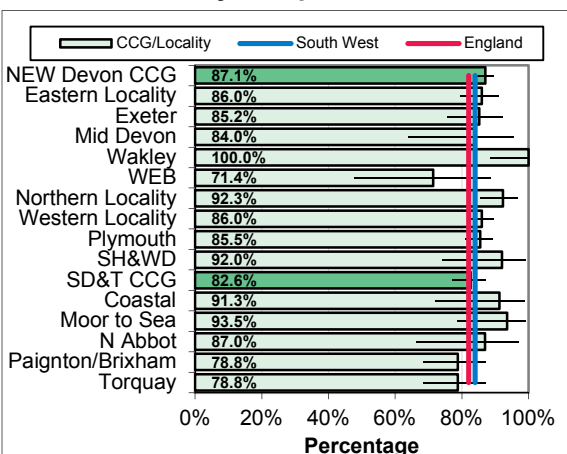
Local Authority District



Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



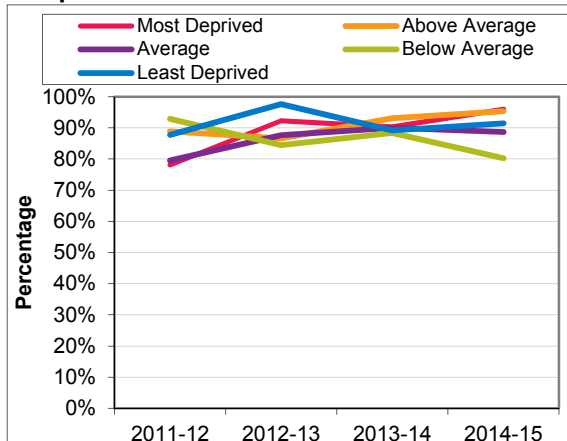
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Re-ablement Services (Effectiveness)

Period: 2014-15

Description	Proportion of older people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement/rehabilitation services.
Source	Adult Social Care Combined Activity Return. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (SW Benchmarking, Trend and Comparator Group) DCC Management Information Team (District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annually around seven months in arrears, 2015-16 due in October 2016.
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 2B Part 1
Detailed Specification	The proportion of older people aged 65 and over discharged from hospital to their own home or to a residential or nursing care home or extra care housing for rehabilitation, with a clear intention that they will move on/back to their own home (including a place in extra care housing or an adult placement scheme setting), who are at home or in extra care housing or an adult placement scheme setting 91 days after the date of their discharge from hospital.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on local GP practice deprivation quintiles. Calculated using the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation).

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Re-ablement Services (Coverage)

Period: 2014-15

RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

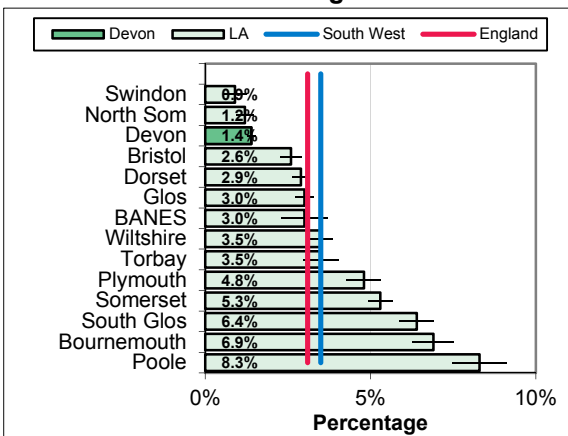
Overview

In 2014-15 1.4% of older people discharged from hospital in Devon were offered reablement services which was significantly lower than the South West (3.5%), local authority comparator group (2.8%) and England (3.1%) rates. Rates decreased from 2.0% in 2013-14.

Equalities

Not currently available at a local level.

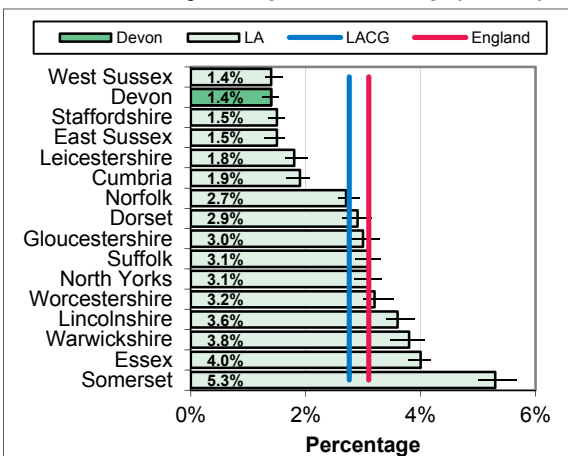
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

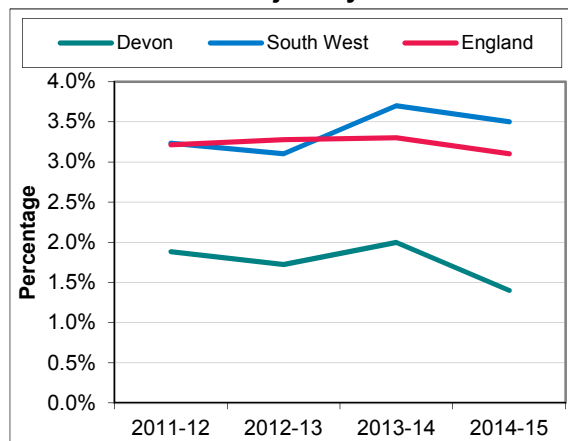
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Re-ablement Services (Coverage)

Period: 2014-15

Description	Proportion of older people (65 and over) offered reablement services following discharge from hospital.
Source	Adult Social Care Combined Activity Return and Hospital Episode Statistics. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (South West Benchmarking, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group)
Update Frequency	Annually around seven months in arrears, 2015-16 due in October 2016.
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 2B Part 2
Detailed Specification	The number of older people (65 and over) offered reablement services as a proportion of the total number of older people discharged from hospitals based on Hospital Episode Statistics (HES)
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Readmissions to Hospital Within 30 Days

Period: 2011-12

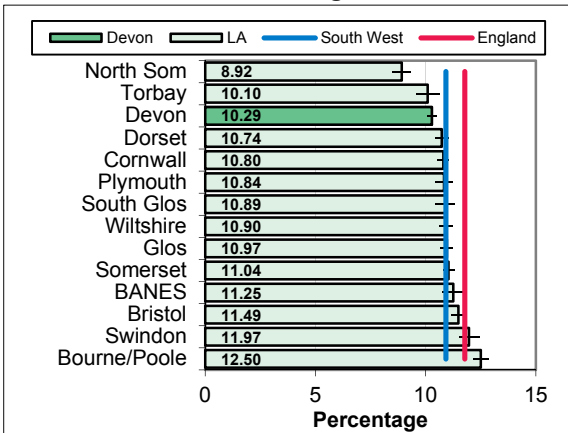
RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

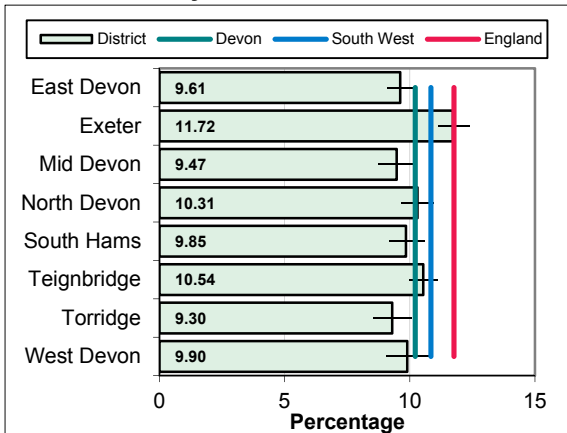
Overview
 In Devon in 2011-12, 10.29% of patients discharged after an emergency admission were readmitted within 30 days. This is significantly below the South West (10.93%), local authority comparator group (10.95%) and England (11.78%) rates. The rate in Devon was the third lowest in the South West and the lowest in the local authority comparator group. Exeter (11.72%) had a readmission rate above the South West and Devon rate. Readmission rates have increased over time, but slowed recently.

Equalities
 There is no local data currently available on the pattern by deprivation, age, sex and other factors, although reports are in development. National data highlights higher readmission rates in more deprived areas, ranging from 13.05% in the most deprived group to 10.53% in the least deprived group. Readmission rates are higher amongst males (12.13%, compared with 11.46% for females).

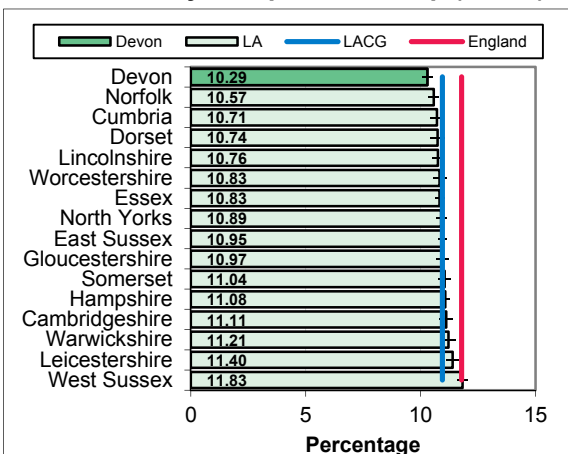
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District



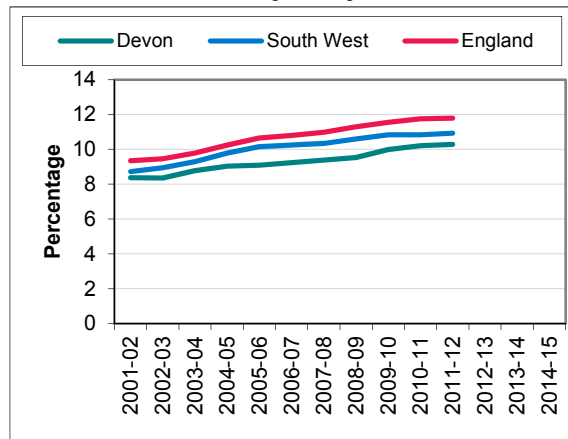
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age

Indicator: Readmissions to Hospital Within 30 Days

Period: 2011-12

Description	Percentage of emergency admissions occurring within 30 days of the last, previous discharge after admission
Source	Health and Social Care Information Centre (Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) and the Compendium of population health indicators)
Update Frequency	Annually, around 22 months in arrears
Outcomes Framework	NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 3b, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.11
Detailed Specification	Percentage of emergency admissions occurring within 30 days of the last, previous discharge after admission, Indirectly standardised rate (excludes cancer and obstetrics)
Chart Notes South West	Compares Former Primary Care Trusts in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level as this is a new survey with no previous trend information available.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Suicide Rate

Period: 2012-14

UPDATED INDICATOR

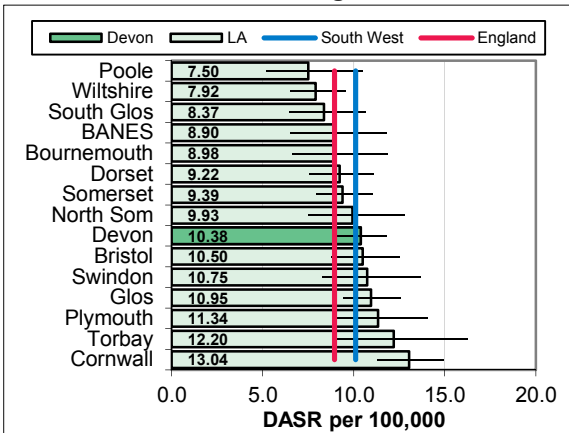
RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

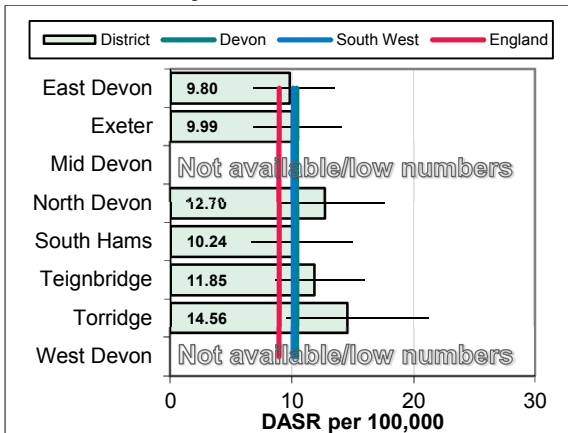
Overview
 Around 80 deaths per annum are registered as suicide or injury undetermined (open verdict), with an direct age standardised rate of 10.4 per 100,000. This was above the South West (10.1), local authority comparator group (9.6) and England (8.9) rates. Within the county, rates are similar between districts, with no significantly higher rates. Whilst year-on-year variations are seen, rates in Devon have typically remained around or slightly above the national rate.

Equalities
 There are no significant differences in suicide rates based on area deprivation in Devon. Differences by sex are notable, and tend to be low and stable for females and higher and more variable in males. Suicide rates are highest for people in the 40s and 50s and are relatively low for persons in their teens and 20s.

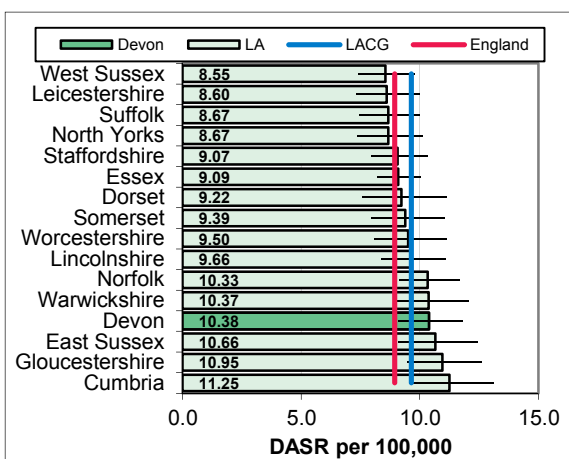
South West Benchmarking



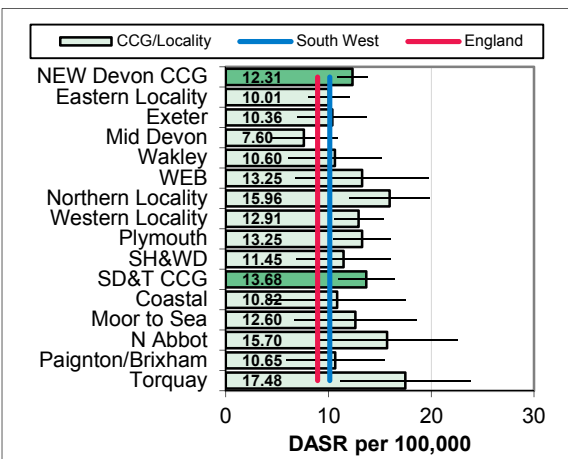
Local Authority District



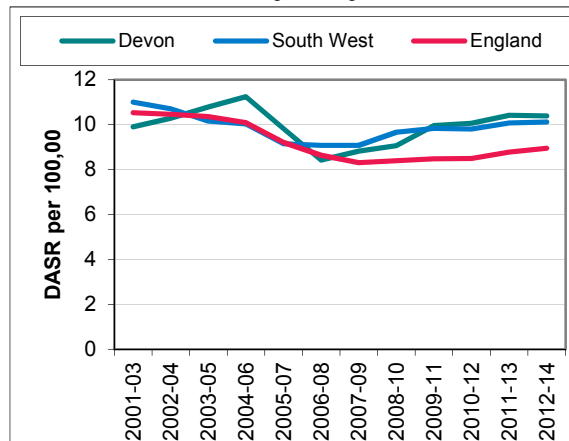
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



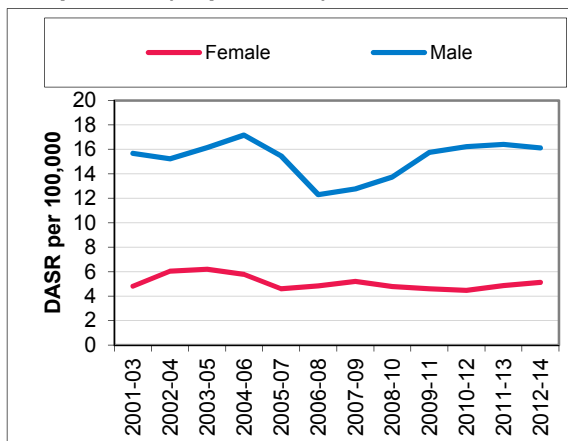
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Suicide Rate

Period: 2012-14

Description	Direct age-standardised mortality rate (DASR) from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population
Source	Office for National Statistics annual death extracts (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annual, 2015 data due autumn 2016
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.10
Detailed Specification	Number of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent (classified by underlying cause of death recorded as ICD10 codes X60-X84 (all ages), Y10-Y34 (ages 15+ only) registered in the respective calendar years, aggregated into quinary age bands, with corresponding mid-year population totals. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. New 2013 European Standard population used.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Male Life Expectancy Gap

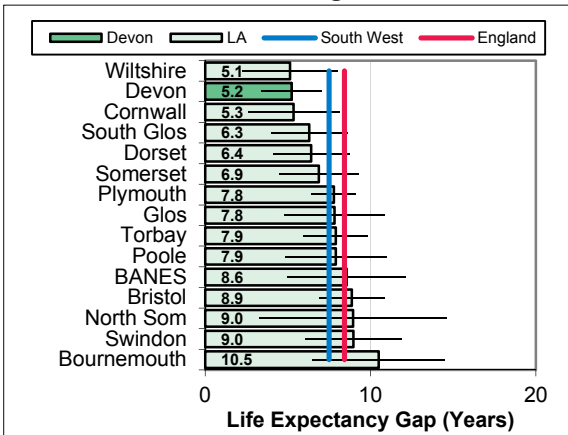
Period: 2011 to 2013

RAG Rating	
G	Green
	Amber
	Red

Overview
The Slope Index of Inequality compares life expectancy in the most deprived and least deprived communities within an area's population, revealing the gap in life expectancy in years. For males in Devon the gap is 5.2 years which is significantly lower than the gaps for the South West (7.5), the local authority comparator group (7.2), and England (8.4).

Equalities
As the slope index of inequality compare the most and least deprived communities within an area's population, the smaller gap seen is partly a product of less severe social inequalities compared to other areas. The gap is more notable at the extremes with a 15 year gap in life expectancy at an electoral ward level. The life expectancy gap is much larger for males than females.

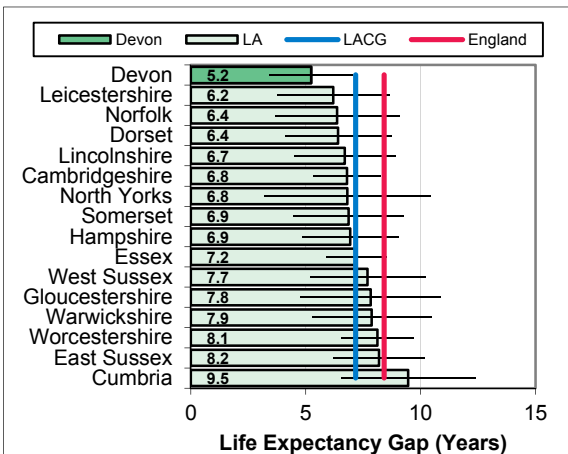
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE
AT A LOCAL LEVEL

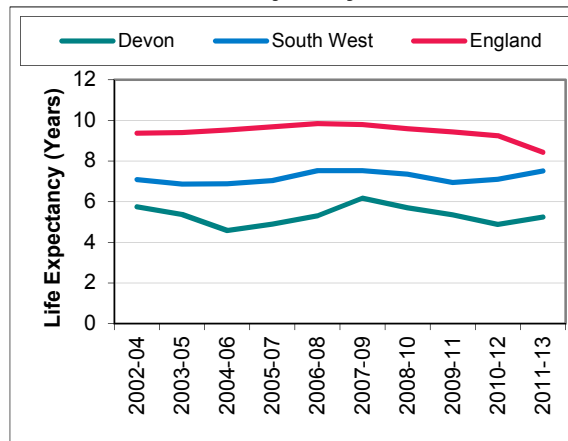
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



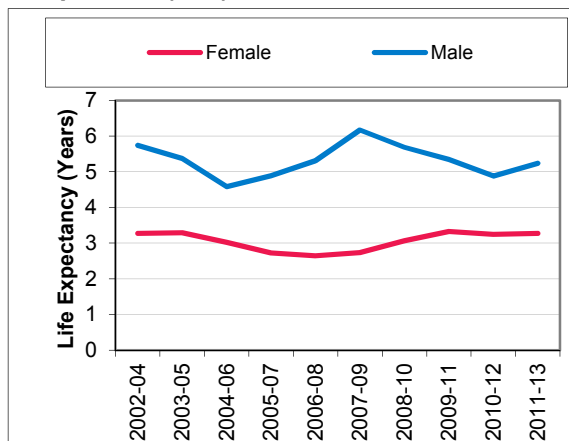
CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE
AT A LOCAL LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Sex)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Male Life Expectancy Gap

Period: 2011 to 2013

Description	Estimated gap in male life expectancy in years between the most and least deprived communities in a given area
Source	Slope Index of Inequality, Association of Public Health Observatories, London and East Midlands Public Health Observatories (now Public Health England), CCG figures derived by Devon Public Health Intelligence Team
Update Frequency	Annually, typically around 12 months in arrears
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework, Overarching Indicator 0.2 (indicator altered to cover three year period)
Detailed Specification	Local authority populations divided into 10 local deciles using Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010 at a Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) level. Life expectancy calculated for each local decile using Office for National Statistics annual mortality extracts and mid-year population estimates. Regression analysis performed across 10 local deciles to produce estimated gap in life expectancy in years within area.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	No longer available at local authority district level.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Not available at CCG or locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Shows overall average life expectancy for the most deprived 10% of the population and least deprived 10% of the population and other groups over time.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Female Life Expectancy Gap

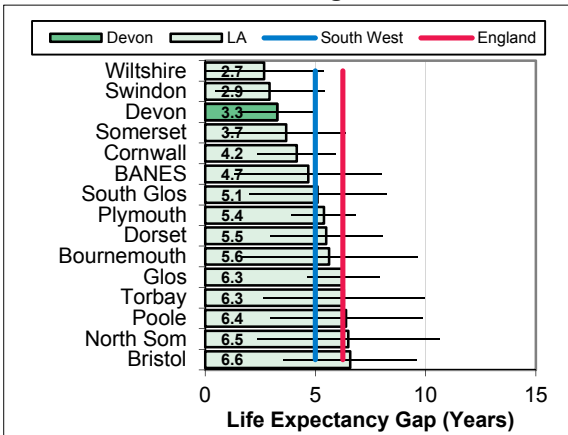
Period: 2011 to 2013

RAG Rating	
G	Green
	Amber
	Red

Overview
The Slope Index of Inequality compares life expectancy in the most deprived and least deprived communities within an area's population, revealing the gap in life expectancy in years. For females in Devon the gap is 3.3 years which is significantly lower than the gaps for the South West (5.0), the local authority comparator group (5.4), and England (6.2).

Equalities
As the slope index of inequality compare the most and least deprived communities within an area's population, the smaller gap seen is partly a product of less severe social inequalities compared to other areas. The gap is more notable at the extremes with a 15 year gap in life expectancy at an electoral ward level. The life expectancy gap is much larger for males than females.

South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

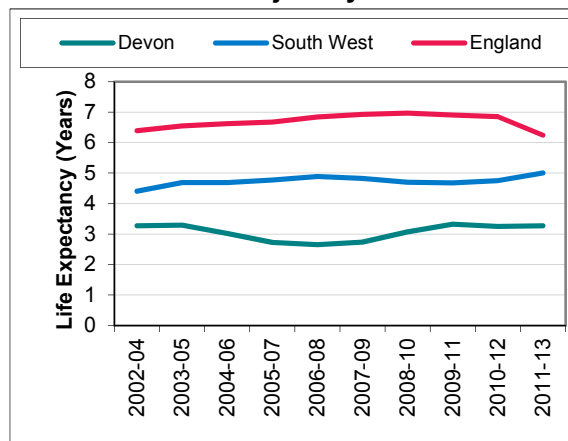
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



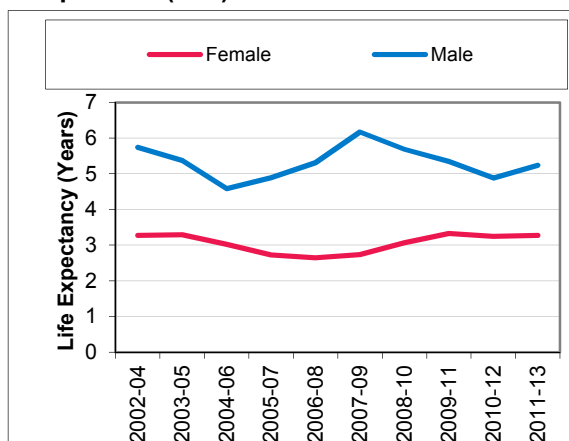
CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Sex)



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Female Life Expectancy Gap

Period: 2011 to 2013

Description	Estimated gap in female life expectancy in years between the most and least deprived communities in a given area
Source	Slope Index of Inequality, Association of Public Health Observatories, London and East Midlands Public Health Observatories (now Public Health England), CCG figures derived by Devon Public Health Intelligence Team
Update Frequency	Annually, typically around 12 months in arrears
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework, Overarching Indicator 0.2 (indicator altered to cover three year period)
Detailed Specification	Local authority populations divided into 10 local deciles using Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010 at a Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) level. Life expectancy calculated for each local decile using Office for National Statistics annual mortality extracts and mid-year population estimates. Regression analysis performed across 10 local deciles to produce estimated gap in life expectancy in years within area.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	No longer available at local authority district level.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Not available at CCG or locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Shows overall average life expectancy for the most deprived 10% of the population and least deprived 10% of the population and other groups over time.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Self-Reported Wellbeing (low happiness score %)

Period: 2014-15

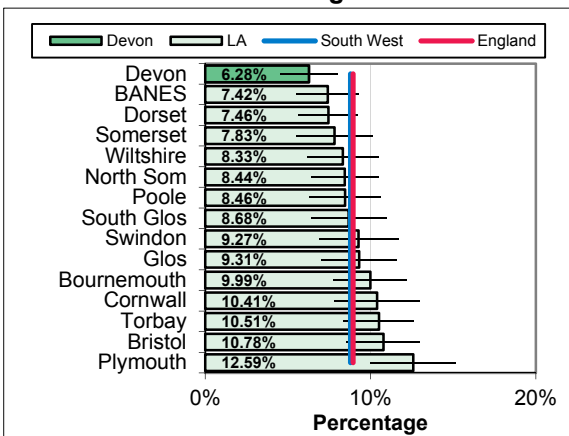
RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

Overview
 Low happiness score is one of four self-reported wellbeing measures in the Public Health Outcomes Framework, with others covering life satisfaction, feeling worthwhile and anxiety. Within Devon, 6.28% of the population had a low happiness score (ranked 0-4 on a scale of 10) on the index compared with 8.79% for the South West, 8.05% in the local authority comparator group and 8.95% in England overall. The percentage with a low happiness score is falling over time.

Equalities
 No local information is available based on area deprivation or other characteristics. National findings highlight that self-reported wellbeing tends to be poorer in more deprived areas. There is a notable pattern by age with younger people and older people with higher levels of wellbeing than people in their 40s and 50s (known as the U shaped curve of happiness).

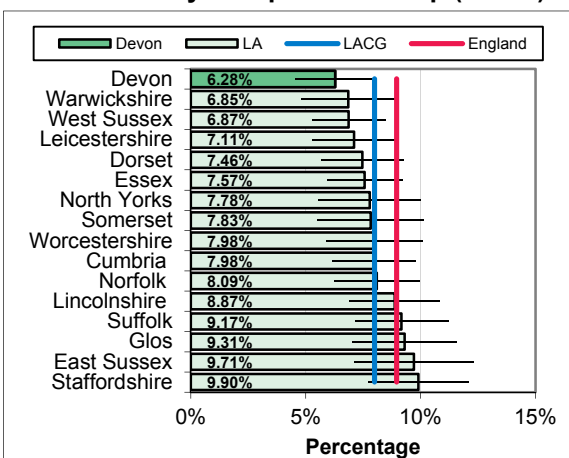
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

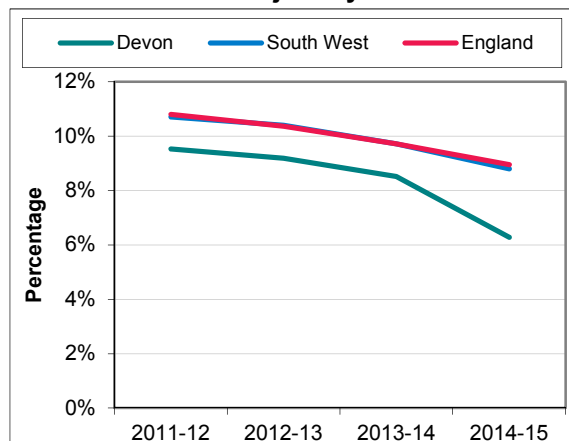
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Self-Reported Wellbeing (low happiness score %)

Period: 2014-15

Description	Self-reported well-being - percentage of people with a low happiness score
Source	Office for National Statistics Integrated Household Survey. Experimental Statistics from 2011 onwards.
Update Frequency	Annually, six to eight months in arrears (2015-16 update due Autumn 2016)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.23iii
Detailed Specification	The percentage of respondents who answered 0-4 to the question "Overall, how happy did you feel yesterday?" ONS are currently measuring individual/subjective well-being based on four questions included on the Integrated Household Survey. Responses are given on a scale of 0-10 (where 0 is "not at all happy" and 10 is "completely happy") The first full year data from these questions was published by ONS in July 2012 and are being treated as experimental statistics. In the ONS report, the percentage of people scoring 0-6 and 7-10 have been calculated for this indicator.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Trend data not currently available.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level as this is a new survey with no previous trend information available.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Social Contentedness

Period: 2014-15

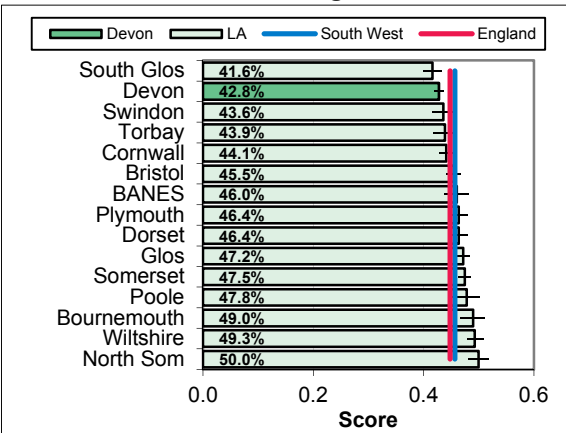
RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

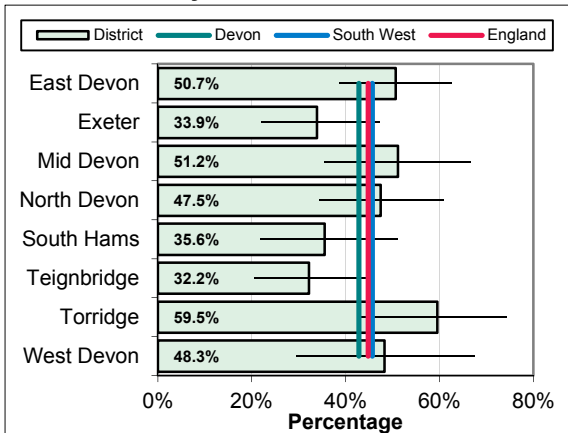
Overview 42.8% of social care users surveyed in Devon in 2014-15 reported being satisfied with their social situation. This was significantly below South West (45.7%), local authority comparator group (45.4%) and England (44.8%) rates. Within Devon whilst there is some variation in responses at district level, smaller sample sizes mean the differences are not statistically significant. Rates decreased significantly on 2013-14 levels (47.5%).

Equalities Female social care users in Devon reported being more satisfied with their social situation than male social care users. Social care users with Learning Disabilities reported being the most satisfied with their level of social contact compared with other client groups.

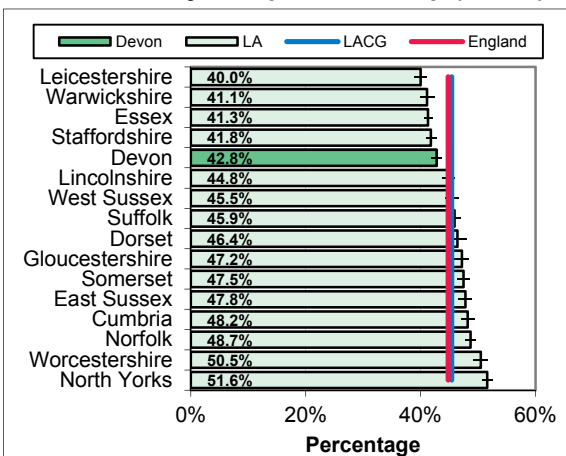
South West Benchmarking



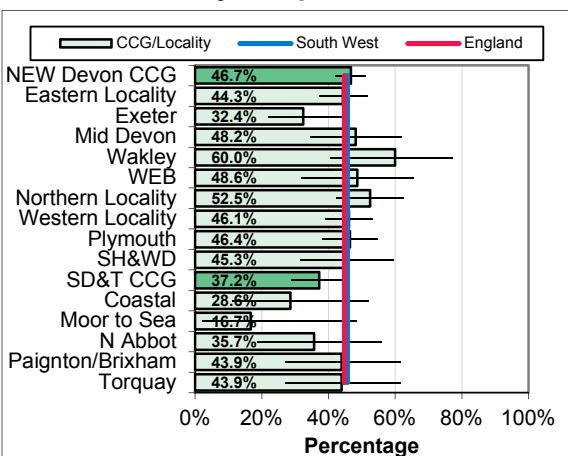
Local Authority District



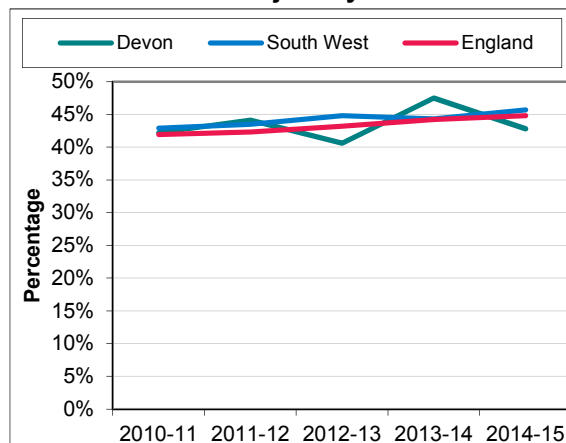
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



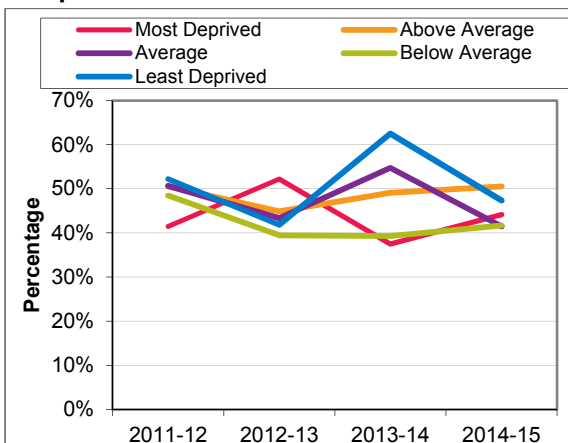
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Social Contentedness

Period: 2014-15

Description	Proportion of people who use services who reported that they had as much social contact as they would like.
Source	Adult Social Care Survey and Carers Survey. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (SW Benchmarking, Trend and Comparator Group) DCC Management Information Team (District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annually around seven months in arrears, 2015-16 due in October 2016.
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 1i, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.18
Detailed Specification	The percentage of users responding "I have as much contact as I want with people I like" and carers choosing "I have as much contact as I want" to questions based on their social situation in the Adult Social Care Survey and Carers Survey. Currently just measuring social care users. Measures for users and carers will be presented separately
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Carer Reported Quality of Life

Period: 2014-15

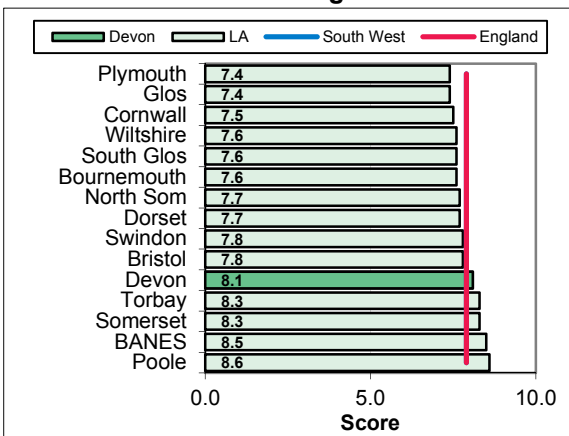
RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

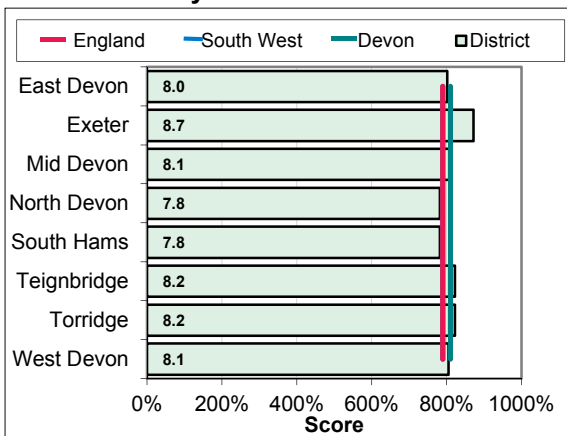
Overview
 This measure gives an overarching view of the quality of life of carers based on outcomes identified through research by the Personal Social Services Research Unit. This is the only current measure related to quality of life for carers available, and supports a number of the most important outcomes identified by carers themselves to which adult social care contributes. The carer reported quality of life in Devon is slightly above the South West, local authority comparator group and national average.

Equalities
 Not currently available at a local level.

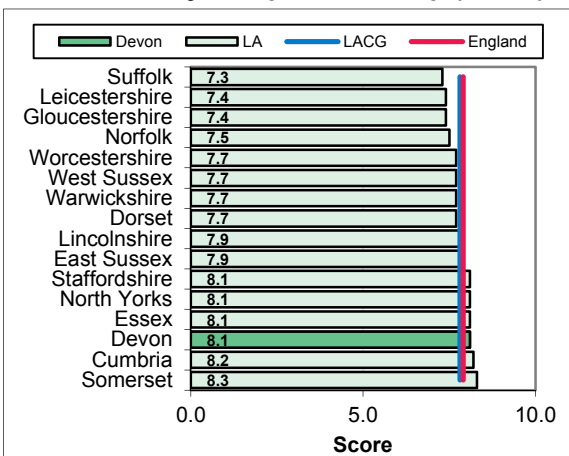
South West Benchmarking



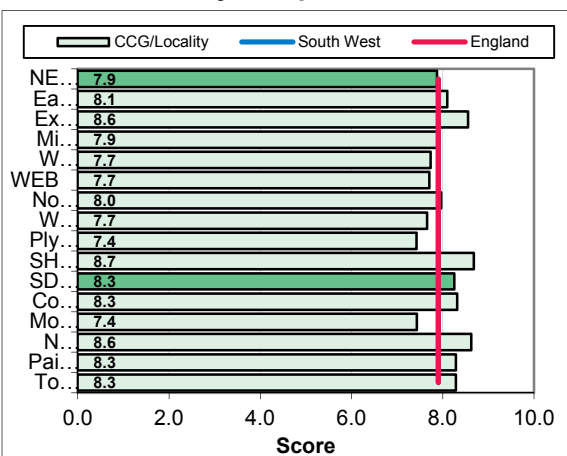
Local Authority District



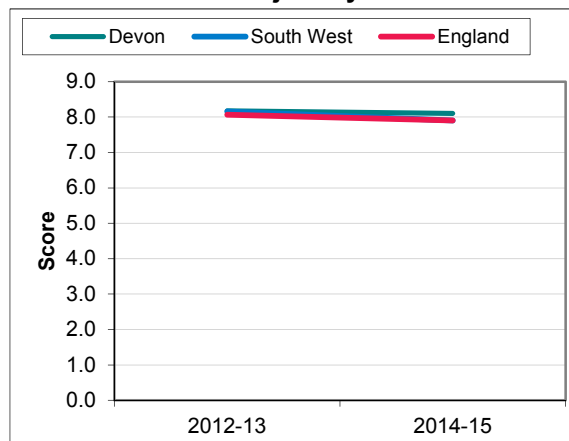
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



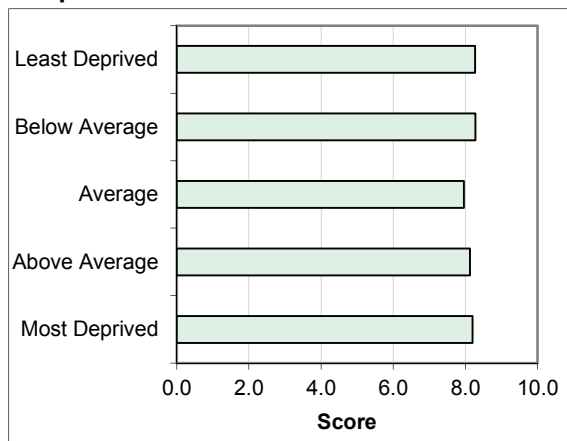
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Carer Reported Quality of Life

Period: 2014-15

Description	Carer Reported Quality of Life
Source	Carers Survey. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (SW Benchmarking, Trend and Comparator Group) DCC Management Information Team (Local Authority District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Bi-annually, around seven months in arrears after year end. 2016-17 due October 2017.
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 1D
Detailed Specification	This is a composite measure which combines individual responses to six questions measuring different outcomes related to overall quality of life. These outcomes are mapped to six domains (occupation, control, personal care, safety, social participation and encouragement and support). Responses to the questions indicate whether the carer has unmet needs in any of the six areas. The measure gives an overall score based on respondents' self-reported quality of life across the six questions. All six questions are given equal weight.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar not calculable.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Not yet available.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar not calculable.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Not yet available.
Chart Notes Trend	First year reported so not available.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Not yet available.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Learning Dis.)

Period: 2014-15

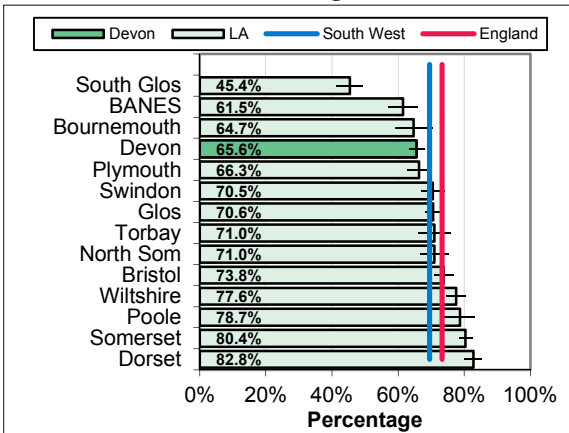
RAG Rating

	Green
A	Amber
	Red

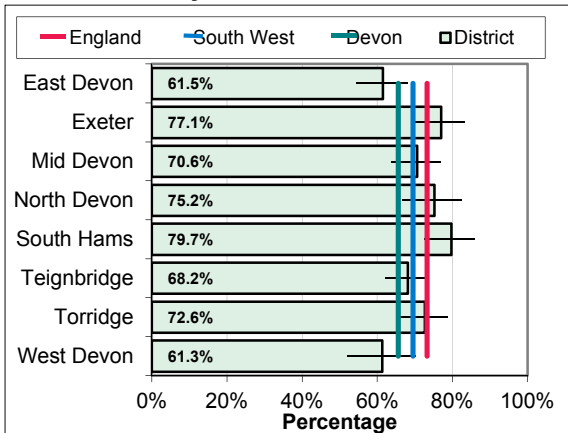
Overview
The nature of accommodation for people with learning disabilities has a strong impact on their safety and overall quality of life and the risk of social exclusion. In 2014-15 65.6% of adults with a learning disability in Devon (known to the council) were living in their own home or with their family, compared with 69.5% in the South West, 69.9% in the local authority comparator group and 73.3% nationally. Rates decreased on 2013-14 levels.

Equalities
A higher proportion of younger adults (18-30) with a learning disability are in stable and suitable accommodation in Devon, compared to 31-64 year olds.

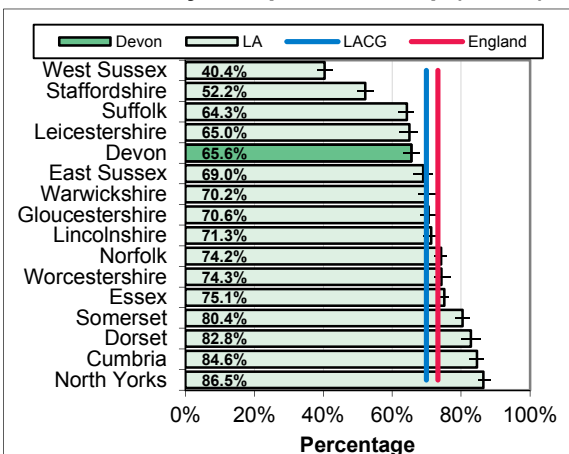
South West Benchmarking



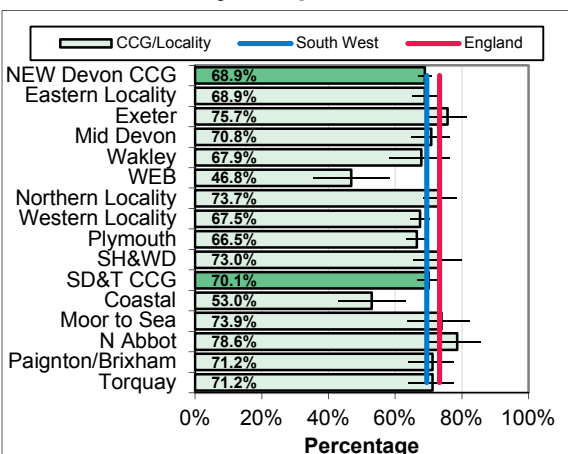
Local Authority District



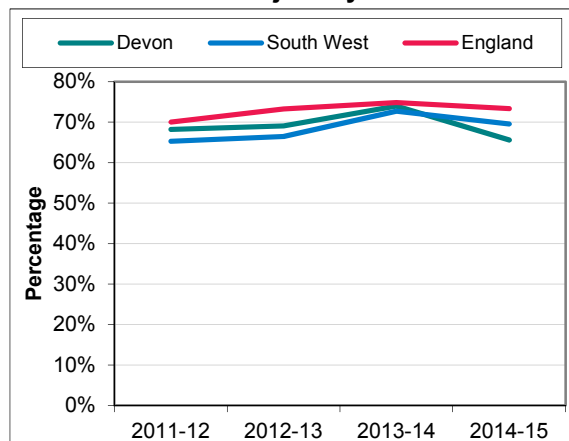
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



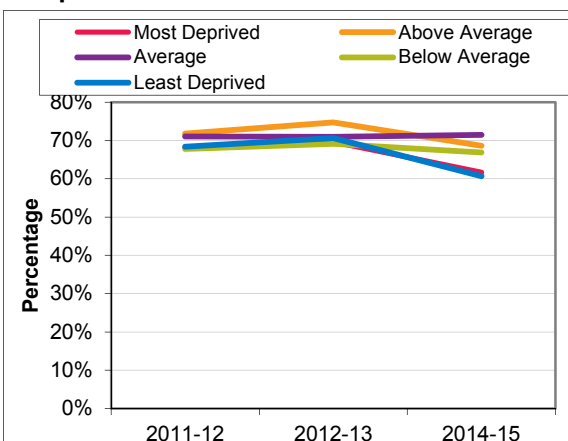
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities



DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Learning Dis.)

Period: 2014-15

Description	Proportion of adults with a learning disability who live in their own home or with their family.
Source	Adult Social Care Combined Activity Return. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (SW Benchmarking, Trend and Comparator Group) DCC Management Information Team (District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annually around seven months in arrears, 2015-16 due in October 2016.
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 1G, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.6
Detailed Specification	The proportion of all adults with a learning disability who are known to the council, who are recorded as living in their own home or with their family. The definition of individuals 'known to the council' is currently restricted to those adults with a learning disability (with a primary client group of LD) who have been assessed or reviewed by the council during the year (irrespective of whether or not they receive a service) or who should have been reviewed but were not.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Mental Health)

Period: 2014-15

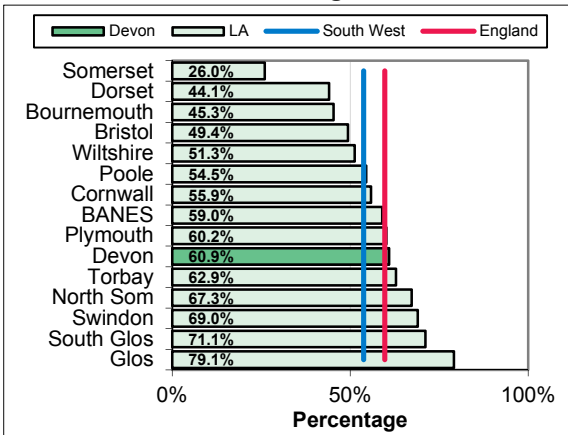
RAG Rating

G	Green
	Amber
	Red

Overview Stable and appropriate accommodation is closely linked to improving safety and reducing the risk of social exclusion. In 2014-15 60.9% of adults in contact with a secondary mental health service in Devon were in stable and suitable accommodation. This is higher than the South West (53.8%), local authority comparator group (55.2%), and England (59.7%) rates. Rates have increased on 2013-14 levels.

Equalities Not currently available at a local level.

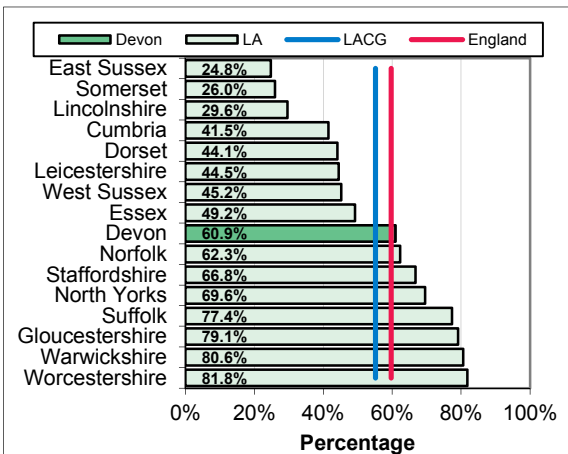
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

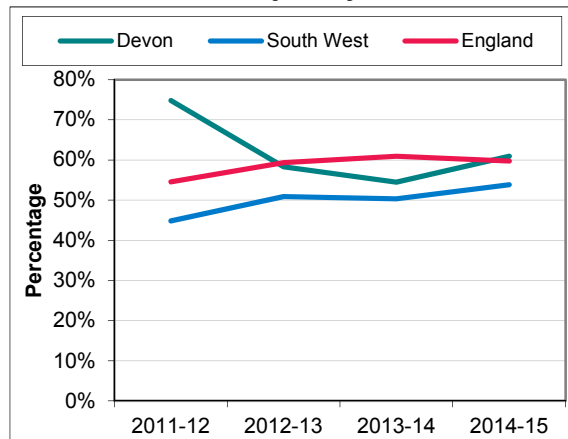
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Mental Health)

Period: 2014-15

Description	Proportion of adults in contact with secondary mental health services living independently, with or without support.
Source	Mental Health Minimum Data Set v4. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (South West Benchmarking, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group)
Update Frequency	Annually around seven months in arrears, 2015-16 due in October 2016.
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 1H, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.6
Detailed Specification	The percentage of adults receiving secondary mental health services living independently at the time of their most recent assessment, formal review or other multi-disciplinary care planning meeting
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Trend data not currently available.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.